



Smart VCA

User Guide

Rev.: 1.1

SW rev.: 6.1.11

Smart VCA provides the following features:

[Intrusion detection](#), [Loitering detection](#), [Missing object detection](#), [Unattended Object detection](#), [Line Crossing detection](#), and [Face detection](#).

These features can suffice a wide variety of surveillance needs in different scenarios. The feature package comes with fixed dome, bullet, or fisheye cameras to fit various installation sites. They can be used to monitor office buildings, retail stores, industrial assets, for areas less attended by security staff. VCA Events are incorporated into VIVOTEK's VAST software and NVR, enabling rapid search through the archived footages. The instant video prompts enable security personnel to quickly react to potential problems.

Minimized No. of False Alarms: An important factor in the Smart VCA is a human silhouette database and the rapid responses via an artificial neural network technology. The Smart engine instantly recognizes human appearances in a video surveillance area. Since people are the objects of interest in the majority of video surveillance, the People detection feature enables users to quickly configure their installation.

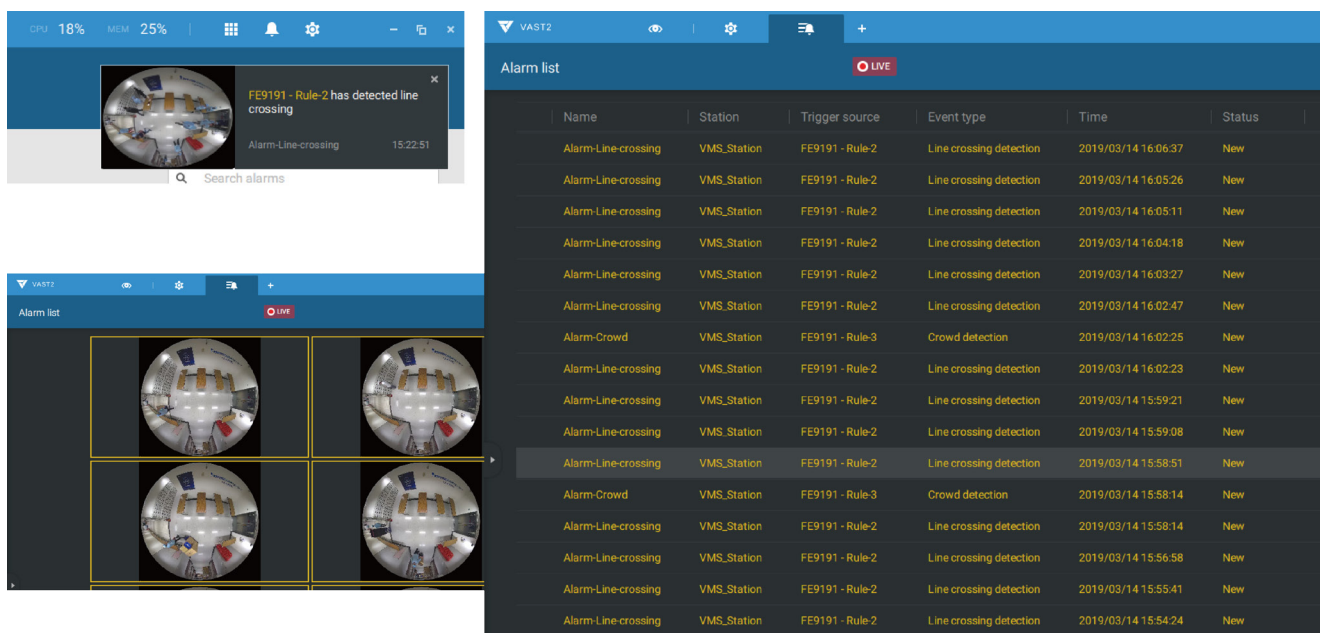
The traditional video contents analysis relies heavily on the detection of pixel changes or motion vectors, and false alarms can be triggered by swaying trees, clouds floating by, or even the appearance of little animals. The Smart VCA detection, with comprehensive detection rules and tunable time filter, can eliminate the defects of traditional video detection and facilitate the configuration at a surveillance site.

Ease of Configuration: With the self-learning algorithm, light changes or swaying vegetation, vehicles passing by, or animal activities in the scene are not taken as event triggers. Only activities worth notice will trigger an event. This helps reduce false alarms and the time and efforts for a camera configuration.

Reduced Management Efforts: Integrated with VIVOTEK's VAST software, the VCA events can be tagged as video clips, making the forensic search effortless. With ordinary video recordings, it often takes hours to search for meaningful videos from the archives. With the VCA tagged events, searching for the related evidences is reduced to a matter of minutes. The correlation of events on different cameras are available at a glimpse as tagged events in the VAST Alarm list.

If users choose to record the videos only when VCA alarms occur, the bandwidth and storage requirements can be minimized. Also, the detection and analysis takes place on individual cameras, instead of being processed on a dedicated server. There is no need for an expensive server hardware, and the use of network bandwidth for transmitting videos is reduced to minimum.

VCA Events as Event Prompts, in List, and in Thumbnails.



The screenshot displays the VIVOTEK VAST2 interface. On the left, a small window shows a live video feed with a red box highlighting a line crossing event. A notification box above it reads: "FE9191 - Rule-2 has detected line crossing" and "Alarm-Line-crossing 15:22:51". Below this is a search bar labeled "Search alarms".

On the right, the "Alarm list" window is open, showing a table of detected events. The table has columns for Name, Station, Trigger source, Event type, Time, and Status. The events are listed as follows:

Name	Station	Trigger source	Event type	Time	Status
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:06:37	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:05:26	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:05:11	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:04:18	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:03:27	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:02:47	New
Alarm-Crowd	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-3	Crowd detection	2019/03/14 16:02:25	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 16:02:23	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:59:21	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:59:08	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:58:51	New
Alarm-Crowd	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-3	Crowd detection	2019/03/14 15:58:14	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:58:14	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:56:58	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:55:41	New
Alarm-Line-crossing	VMS_Station	FE9191 - Rule-2	Line crossing detection	2019/03/14 15:54:24	New

Below the alarm list, there are four thumbnails showing the live video feed with red boxes highlighting the detected events.

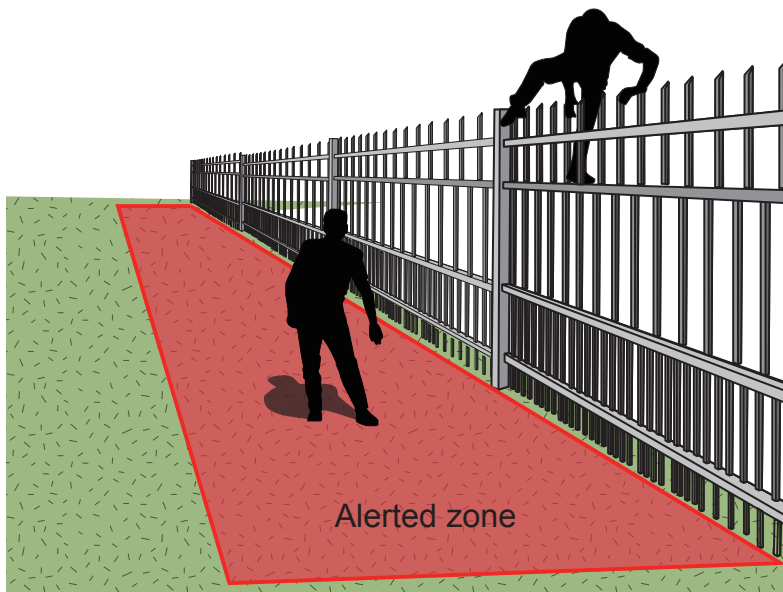
For VCA events such as a wait line that is too long at the checkout, a trespasser crossing the fence, the security staff can quickly take a look.

Smart VCA also supports the traditional event messaging, such as Sending live streams, record videos, send HTTP requests, send videos to FTP, sending Emails with snapshots, etc.

Smart VCA Individual Features

Intrusion Detection

VIVOTEK Intrusion Detection can be used to detect people entering or leaving a virtual area in the camera field of view.

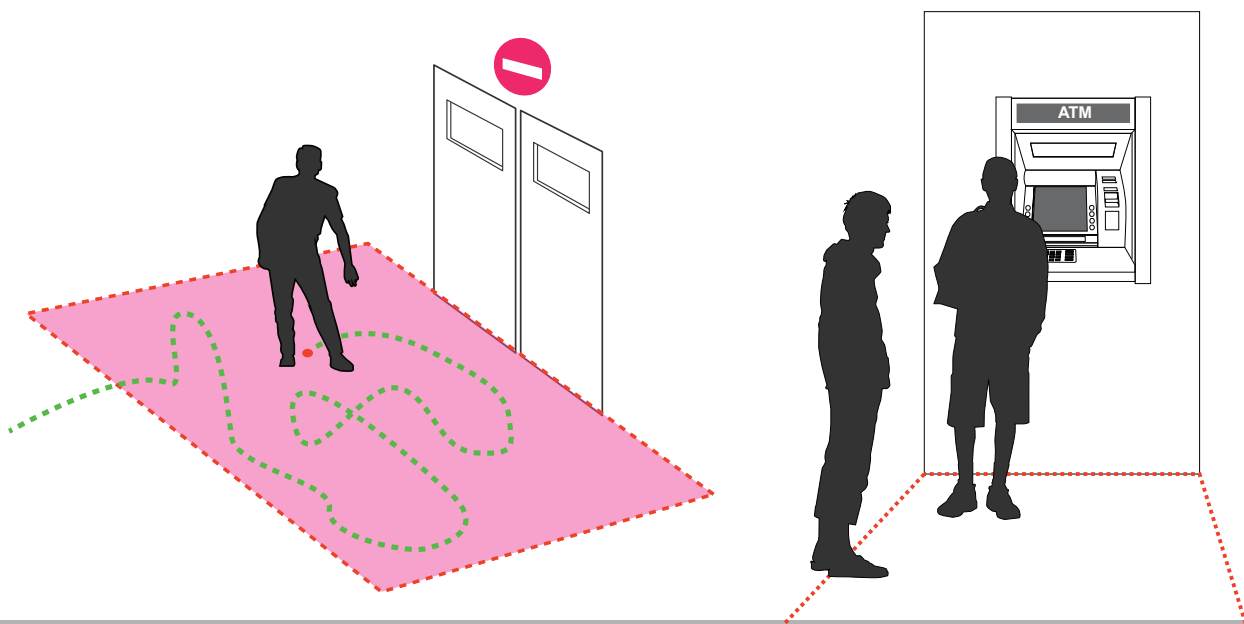


The applicable scenarios of this feature can be:

- * Detects when a person enters a bank vault or school after the office hours.
- * Detects when a person leaves an emergency exit or fire escape, or any place that is normally forbidden from access.

Loitering Detection

The Loitering detection can be used to detect a person or a group of people lingering in an area for longer than a preset time threshold.

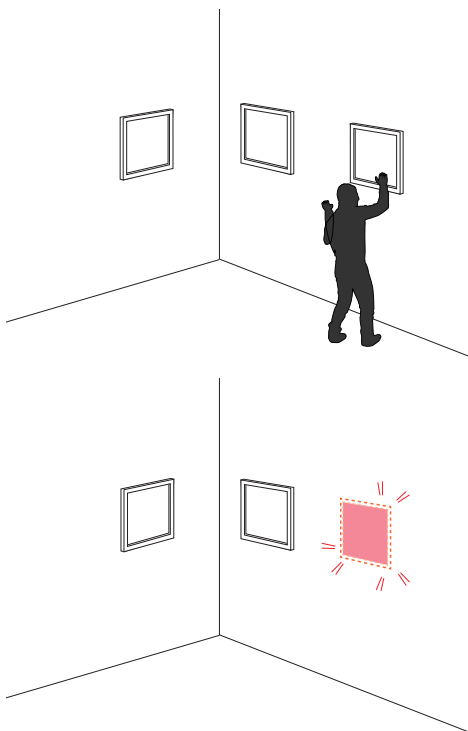


The applicable scenarios of this feature can be:

- * Detects when a person is loitering at a walk-up of ATM lane.
- * Detects when a person is loitering in a high-theft area of a store, or to prevent vandalism and break-ins.
- * Detects when a person is loitering in an area that is normally not an access for visitors.

Missing Object Detection

The Missing Object detection can be used to detect the removal of a predefined asset from a surveillance scene.

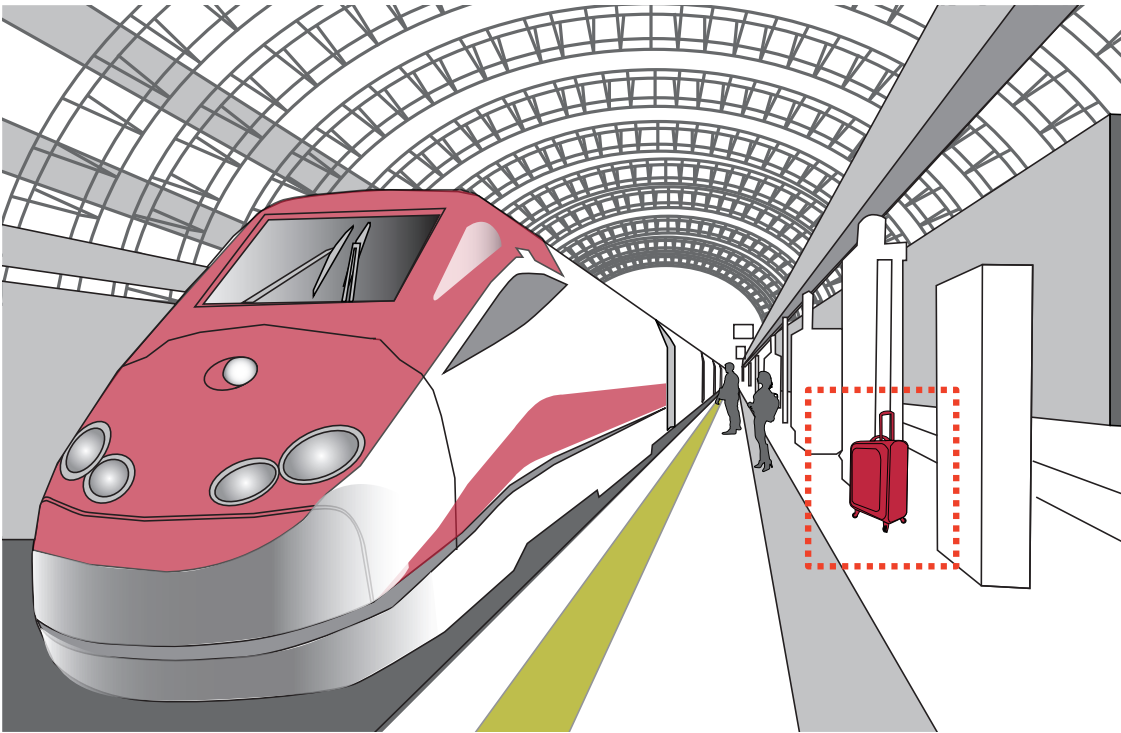


The applicable scenarios of this feature can be:

- * In a campus setting, the Missing Object feature can be used to monitor high-risk areas for theft, such as the administrative offices, computer labs, or science laboratories.
- * Detects when theft occurs in storage areas or warehouses. It is helpful when there are security personnels monitoring the scene, yet their attention went down through time.

Unattended Object Detection

The Unattended Object detection can be used to detect objects intentionally or unintentionally left in scene.

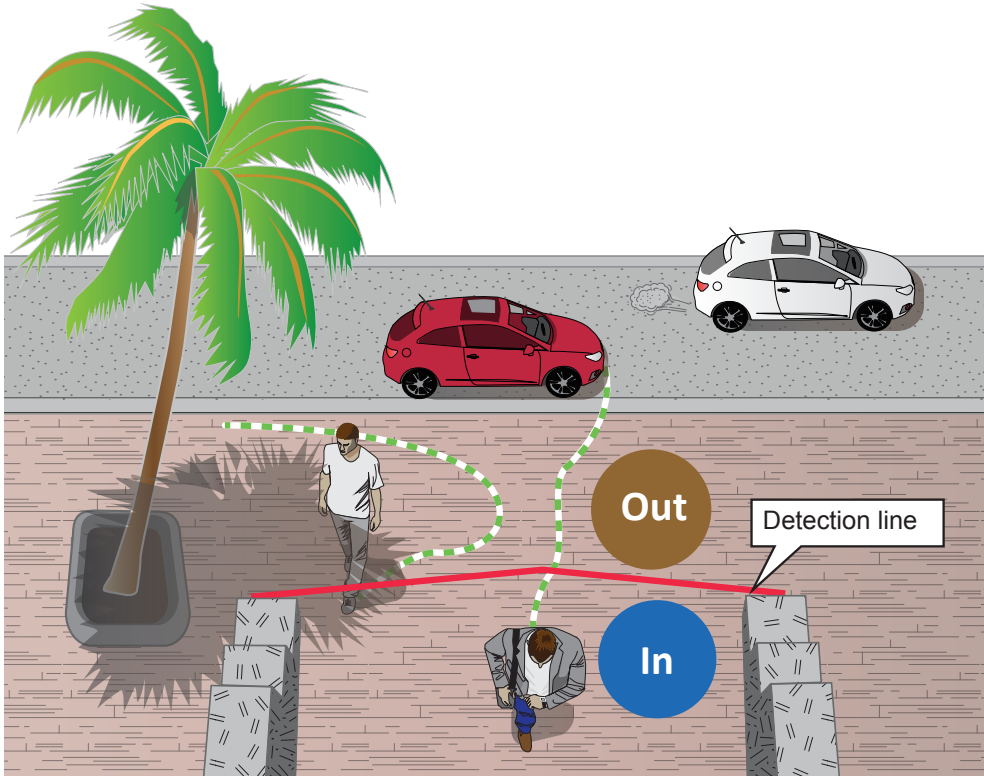


The applicable scenarios of this feature can be:

- * Detects objects placed in front of an emergency exit.
- * Detects objects left on subway tracks, platform, on a bridge, or in a bank lobby.

Line Crossing Detection

The Line Crossing detection detects one or multiple persons crossing a virtual trip-wire. The traffic direction can be assigned on screen for persons passing the line in one specific direction or in both directions.

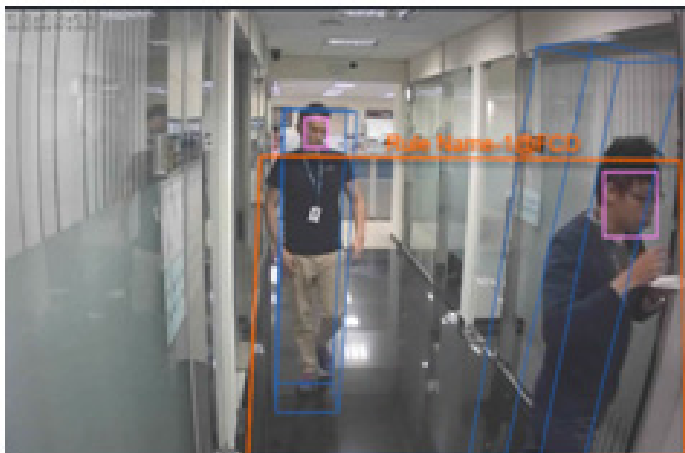


The applicable scenarios of this feature can be:

- * Detects someone who enters a drive way, entrance, or exit through the virtual line.
- * Detects and triggers an alarm in a predetermined direction.
- * The detection line can be used as a fence boundary to know if someone has crossed the articulated line around a perimeter.

Face Detection

Face detection detects the presence of human faces in the field of view.



The applicable scenarios of this feature can be:

- * By tagging the video frames which contain facial features, the administrator can later search for the video clips with presence of these faces in a more efficient manner. Instead of searching through hours of recordings, face detection can facilitate the process of forensic search in recorded videos. Objects irrelevant to facial features will be filtered out.

Revision History

- Rev. 1.0: Initial release
- Rev. 1.1: Updated some operation screens and parameters.



IMPORTANT:

Requirements for Running the Smart VCA:

1. The embedded video tracking and counting analysis requires a monitoring session on Microsoft IE 10 or IE 11 browser.
If you open a console with a non-IE browser, the Smart Motion stream must be configured to be streaming in [MJPEG](#).
2. Lens cleanliness is also required because dust spots or smears on dirty lens can produce miscalculation of pixels, correlation, and movements.
3. For other installation concerns, please refer to page 9, Considerations.
4. Avoid glass and reflective materials, such as aluminum foils, in the field of view. If unavoidable, you can use the Exclusive area settings to get rid of the side effects.
5. Make sure the camera is installed appropriately above the area of your interest, e.g., an entrance to building. Installation at an extremely busy area, e.g., a square or cross road section with dozens of passengers per minute, may not apply due to the system computing load.
6. Due to the system load, do not open two configuration web consoles at the same time.



NOTE:

The effectiveness of the Smart Motion detection slightly diminishes for objects lower than 130cm, such as children.

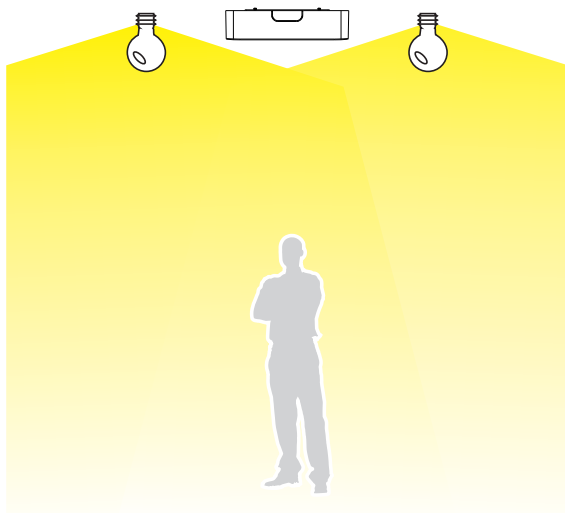
Applicable Cameras:

Please refer to VIVOTEK's VCA package and camera documentation on the website. The majority of VIVOTEK's latest camera models will come embedded with this utility.

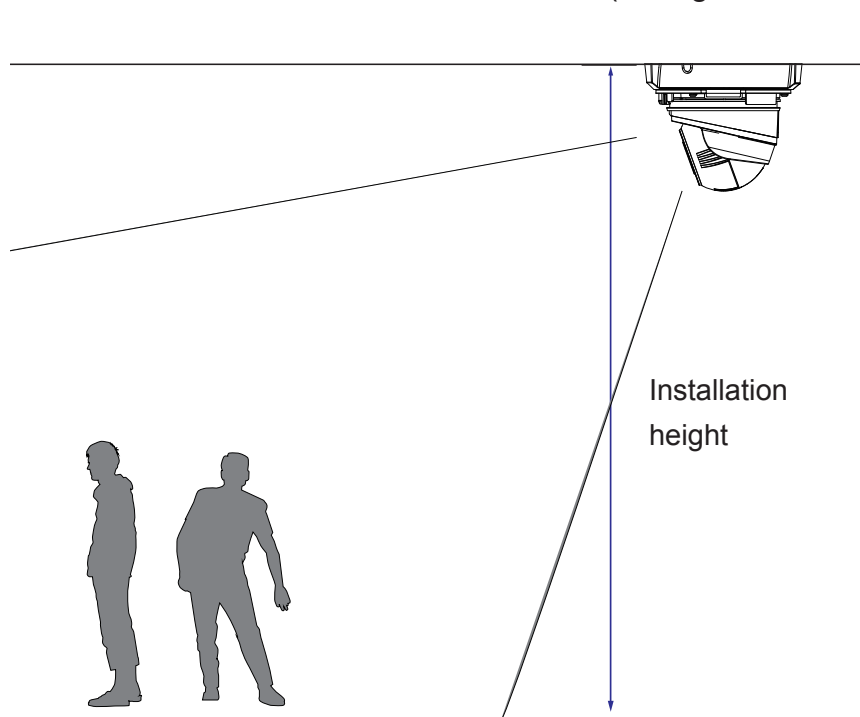
Considerations

Note the following when planning the camera installation:

1. The installation site must be adequately lighted for optimal accuracy with video detection.
2. In the night mode, configure a schedule profile for the different lighting condition. In the night mode, the Smart VCA works if additional lighting is provided, e.g., using the on-board or external IR light. Avoid obstructions that can reflect IR lights back to the camera.



3. **IMPORTANT:** Make sure you measure the height of your camera. The height information is important for the accuracy of the video analytics results. Some of the other perspective information are automatically collected by the onboard G-sensor. The height information enables the horizontal and vertical keystone corrections of the field of view. Measure the distance between camera (ceiling where it is mounted) and the ground.



For bullet cameras or wall-mounted domes, measure the distance from the lower edge of the camera canister to the ground.

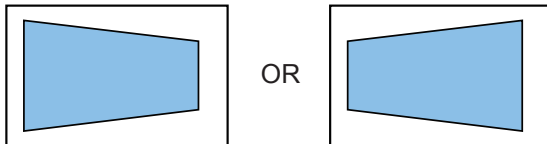


4. Because the horizontal and vertical keystone corrections are performed for an accurate detection, the height and tilt information of the camera must be correctly configured.

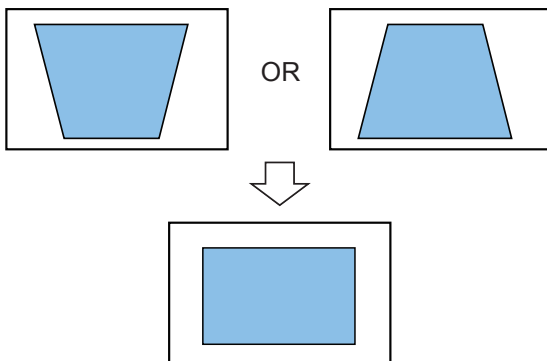
Use a laser distance meter to measure the installation height. The height information **MUST BE** correctly measured and entered in the camera's configuration page.

The fisheye cameras can also run the Smart VCA feature and they **MUST NOT BE** mounted on a tilted ceiling, nor can they be installed on a wall. The camera **MUST BE** installed level on the ceiling. Enter 0 as the tilt angle in the configuration page.

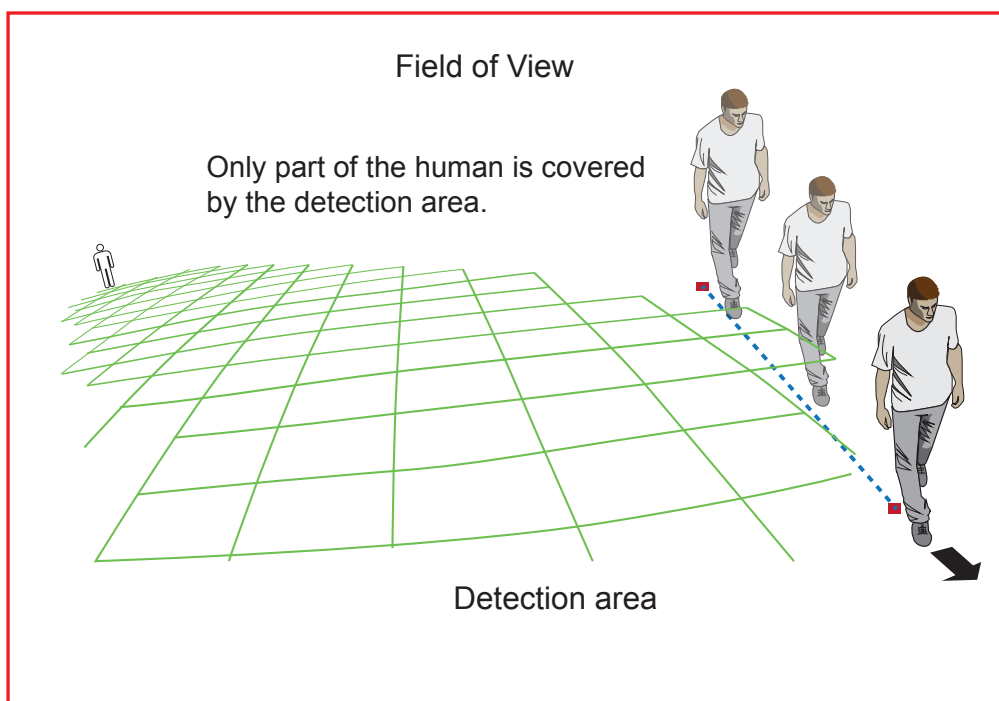
Horizontal keystone correction



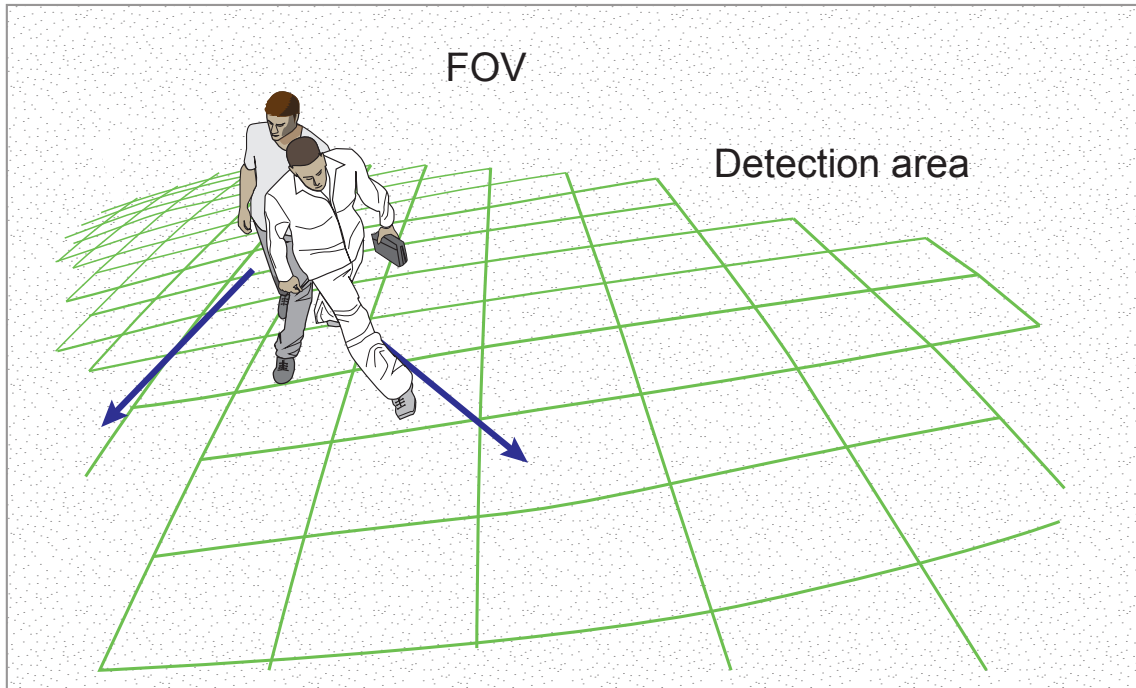
Vertical keystone correction



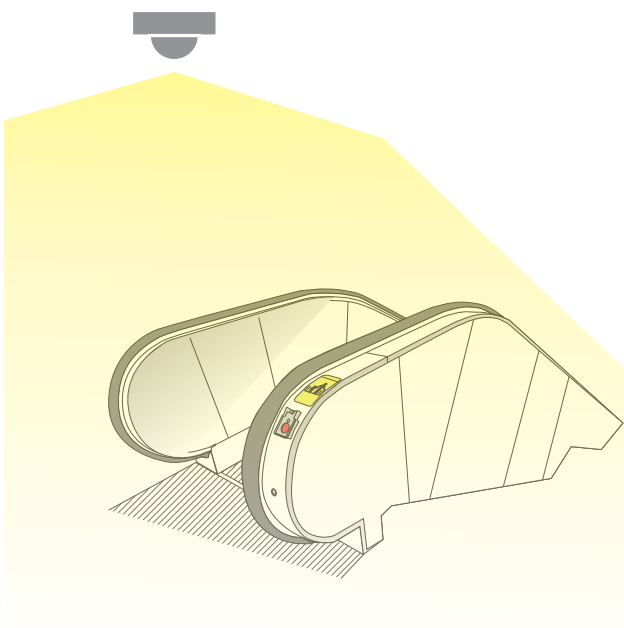
5. For effective detection, as long as a human silhouette is detected in the field of view, and his feet travelled through the People detection area, he can be detected. Due to the visual perspective of lens, sometimes the entire body may not be fully contained by the detection area.



- Due to the optic concave characteristics of a lens, men can be temporarily blocked behind other men. When a man's head-shoulder feature is concealed, he may not be detected for the short moment. The analytics is not designed for a very crowded area.



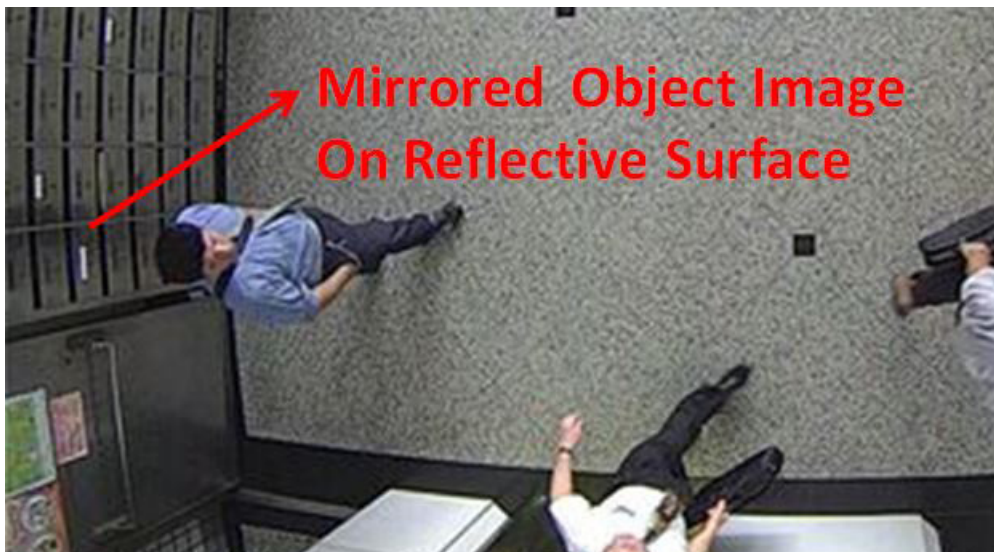
6. A man sitting, squated, or men lying on the floor may not be detected as a human, because his silhouette has been destroyed. Detection may also be affected when a human form is changed, e.g., a man's body is hidden behind a counter, or a man showing only the upper half of his body by leaning on a desk.
7. Unnecessary objects should be avoided. A door, a floating curtain, and moving objects such as an escalator can cause mistakes with the detection.



8. The Human detection takes effects with standing or moving objects or people. There is a limitation that the detection may not handle more than 15 people in the field. The field of view should not cover a terraced structure.



9. Some other possible sources of interference may include: shadows on the wall, mirrored object image on the reflective surface.

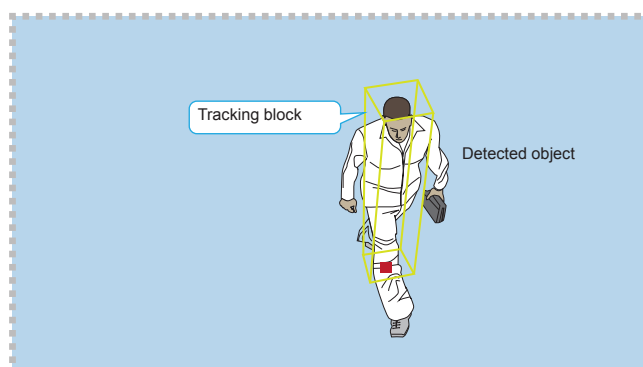
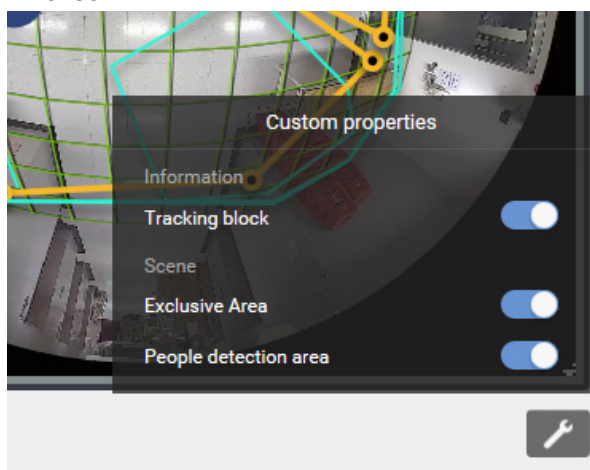


10. Small and distant objects may not be properly detected.
11. Detection accuracy can still be affected by severe weather, such as heavy rains.
12. Ensure the camera is properly mounted. Excessive vibration, such as that when mounted on a pole, can affect the detection accuracy.
13. If fast moving objects are expected, use a wider FOV to enable a longer observation time.

Basics:

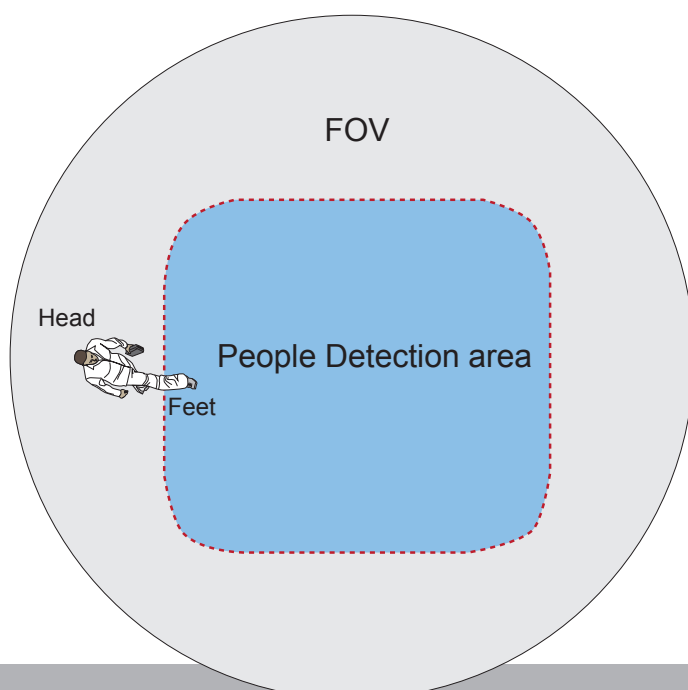
Responsive Elements

1. **Tracking block** : Tracking blocks are the cubic boxes to indicate the appearances of detected people.
2. **Exclusive Area** : You can create Exclusive areas on the FOV for areas that might affect the correctness of video analytics, or simply areas that are not related to your surveillance purpose.
3. **People detection area** : Calculated automatically from the the camera's installation height and tilt/pan angles, the People detection area indicates the boundaries within which effective people activity detection can occur. You should not configure rules (cross lines or areas) outside this area.



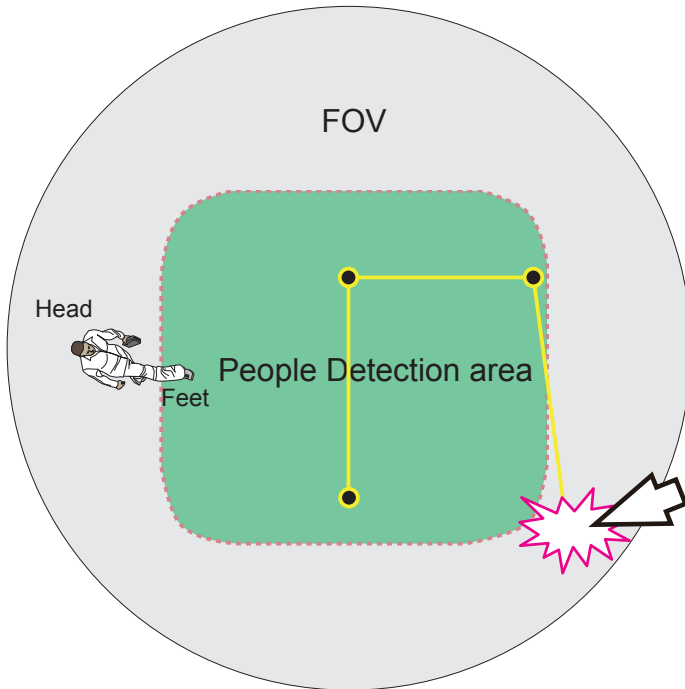
Due to the visual perspectives of the camera mounted on top, a person enters the scene from the edge of the FOV with his feet appearing first, and then his/her head later. Only until he/she comes to a place within the perimeter of the detection area, the head and feet positions can be aligned. A person's feet are detected first, and if a detection area is configured too close to the border, a person may not be appropriately recognized when his/her entire body profile has not entered the detection area.

People crossing the non-Detection area may not be properly recognized by the Smart VCA detection.

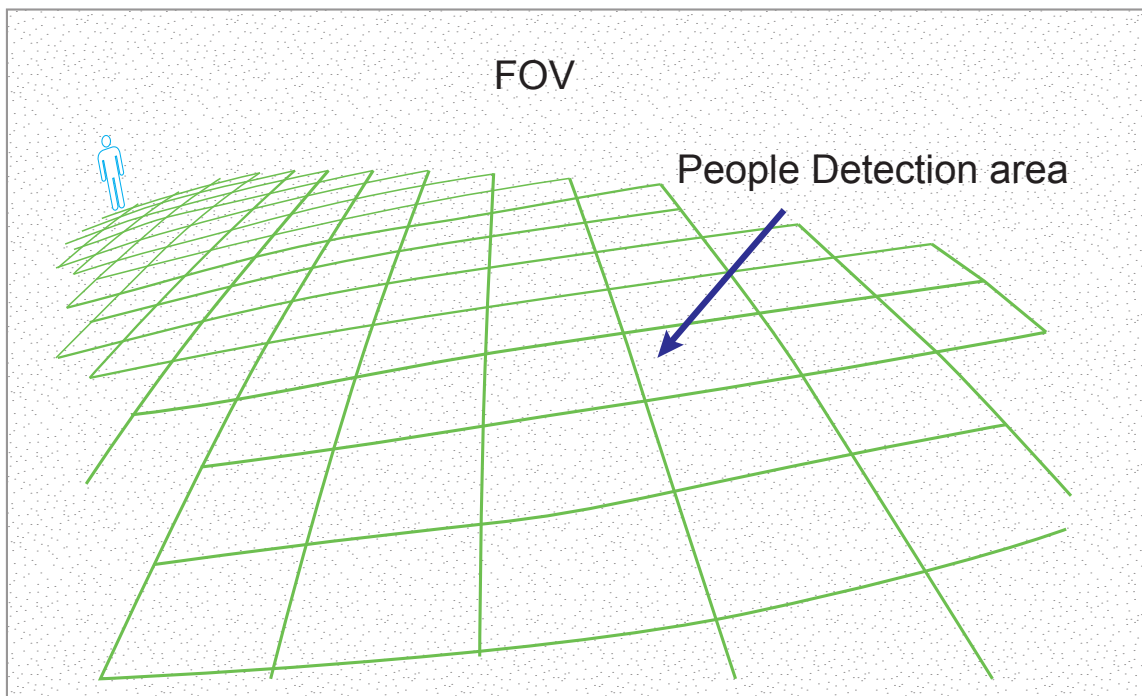


When you are configuring a detection rule related to human detection (e.g., Intrusion, Loitering, or Line crossing), you can not place a border point outside the People Detection area. Smart VCA invalidates any clicks outside the area.

The Detection area of fisheye camera running a Smart VCA package is shown below.



For a fixed dome or bullet camera, a simulated floor level (People Detection area) is displayed on a Smart VCA configuration screen. The Smart VCA detection zones must be configured to have men walking through this area (their feet within the area).



Configuration:

1. Open a web console to the camera. Enter the **Configuration > Applications > Package management** page. Click on **VCA package** to open the monitoring and configuration page. You can also access the feature through **Configuration > Applications > Motion detection**.

The screenshot displays the VIVOTEK web interface for package management. The sidebar on the left lists various system functions, with 'Applications' expanded to show 'Package management'. The main panel has 'Status' and 'License' tabs. The 'Upload package' section allows for file selection and upload. The 'Resource status' section provides a quick overview of system health. The 'Package list' table details installed software, including package names, vendors, versions, and statuses. Control buttons for starting, stopping, and scheduling packages are located at the bottom of the list.

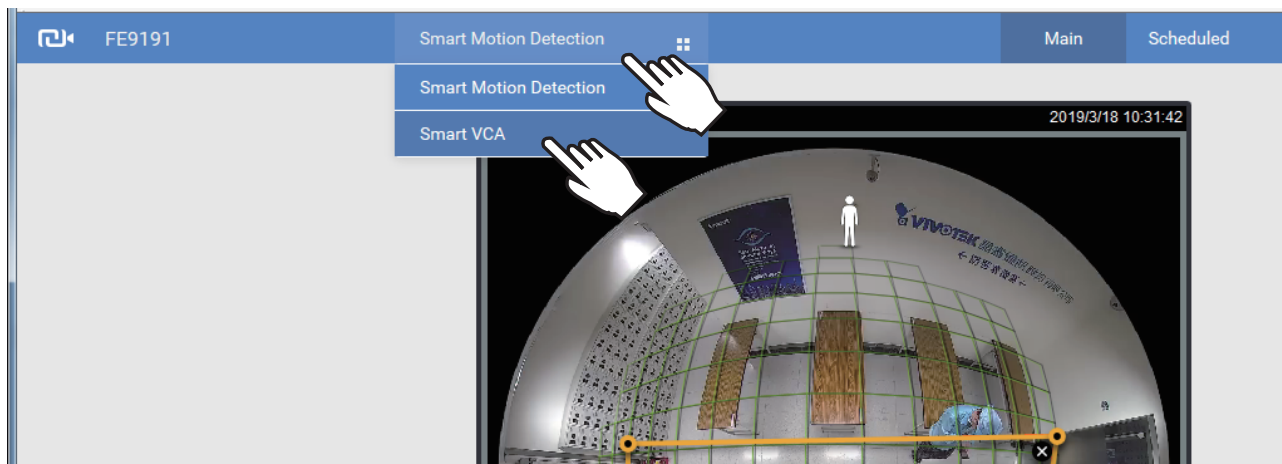
Package name	Vendor	Version	Status	License	
Trend Micro IoT Security	VIVOTEK	1.2b.a1.4.1	Installed	N/A	
Deep Learning VCA	VIVOTEK	6.1.11	ON	Pass	




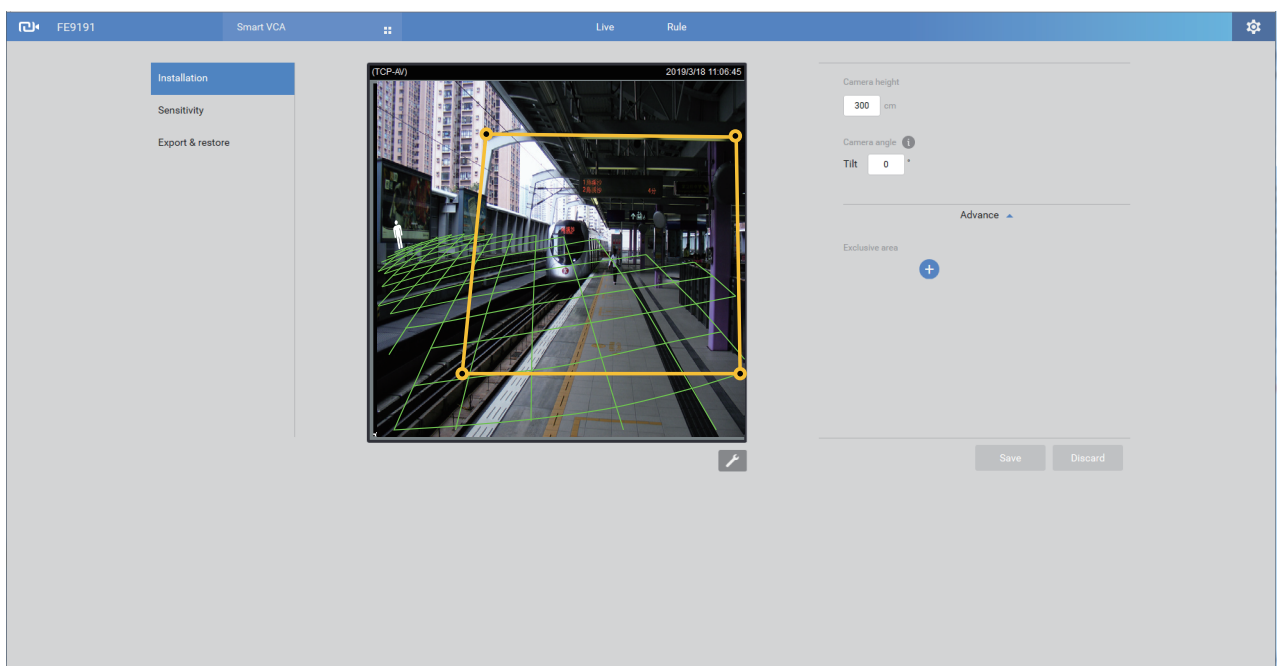
NOTE:

After you upload a software license for the VCA package, please stop and re-start the VCA package for the licensing to take effect.

2. The utility defaults to the Main page. Click on the Smart Motion Detection tab on top. Click **Smart VCA** to proceed.

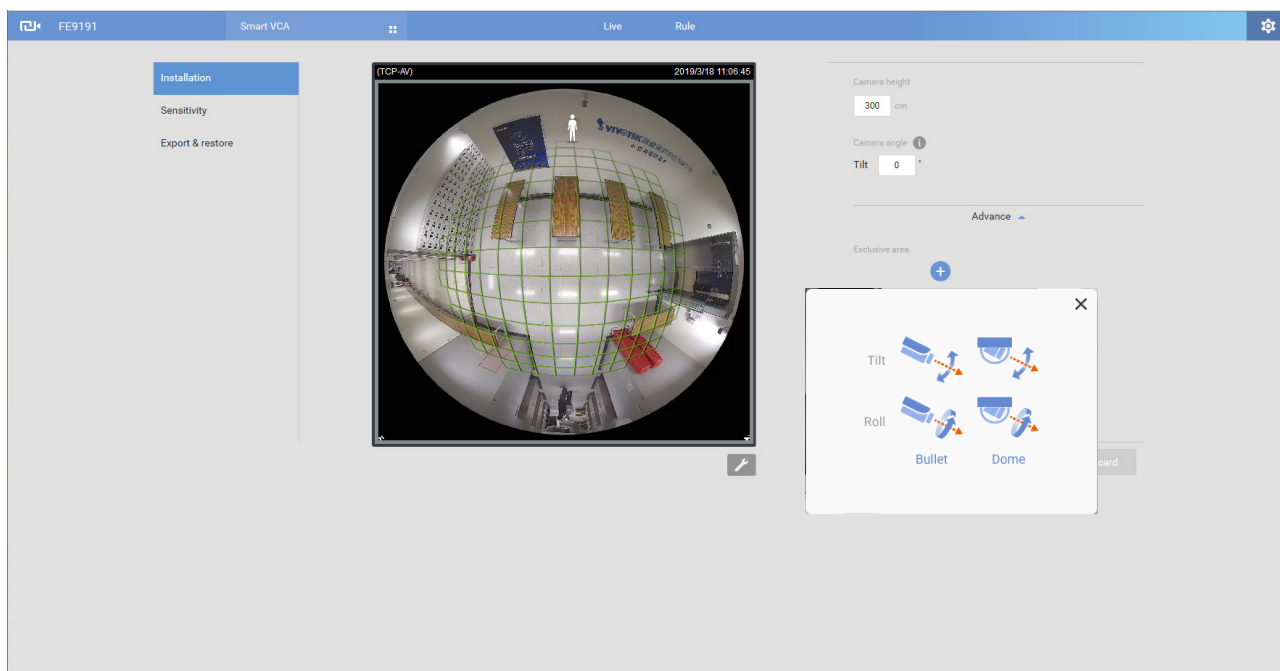


3. Click on the Settings  button on the upper-right corner to enter the Settings page.

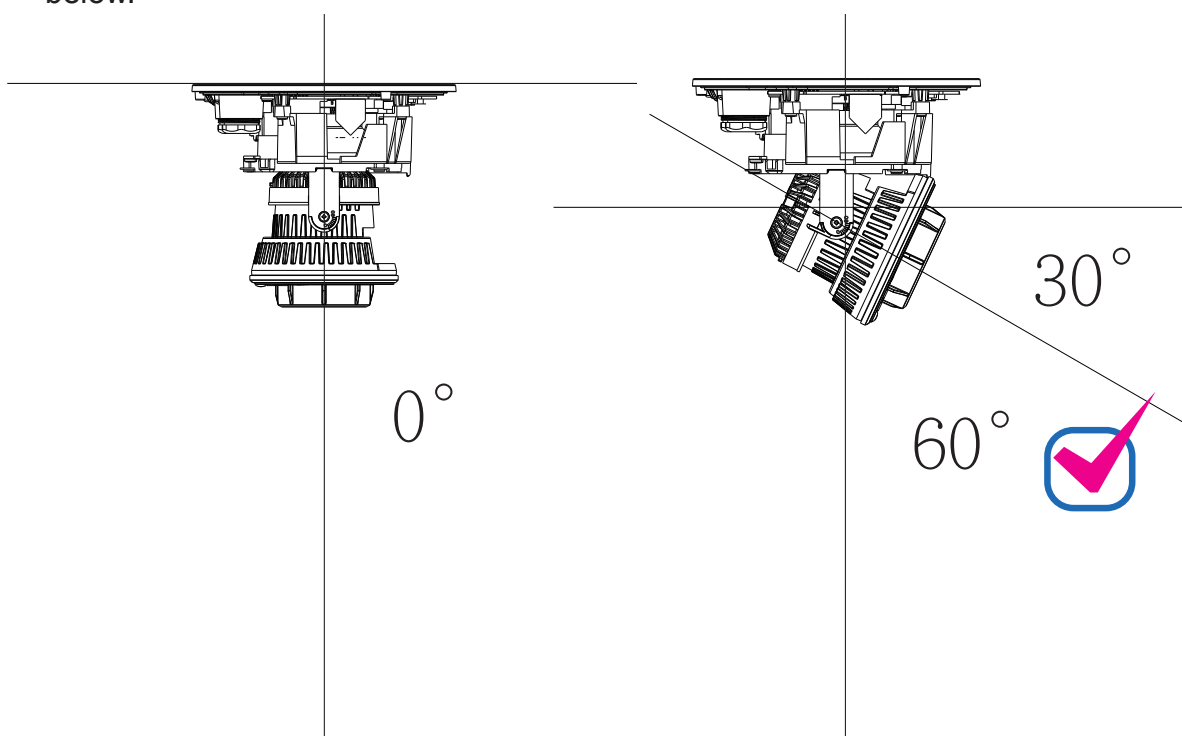


4. Enter the correct installation height. For the FD and IB 9xxx series that come with a G sensor, the Camera shooting angles (Tilt and Roll) can be automatically acquired. Select the Auto mode.

If using models that are not equipped with a G sensor, you can manually enter the tilt and roll angles. When done, click the Save button.




Note that the tilt angle correlates to the absolute downward direction. If a camera is installed on a ceiling, and its lens points straight downward, its tilt angle is 0 degree. If your camera lens is tilted, enter the angle related to the vertical line, e.g., 60° as shown below.




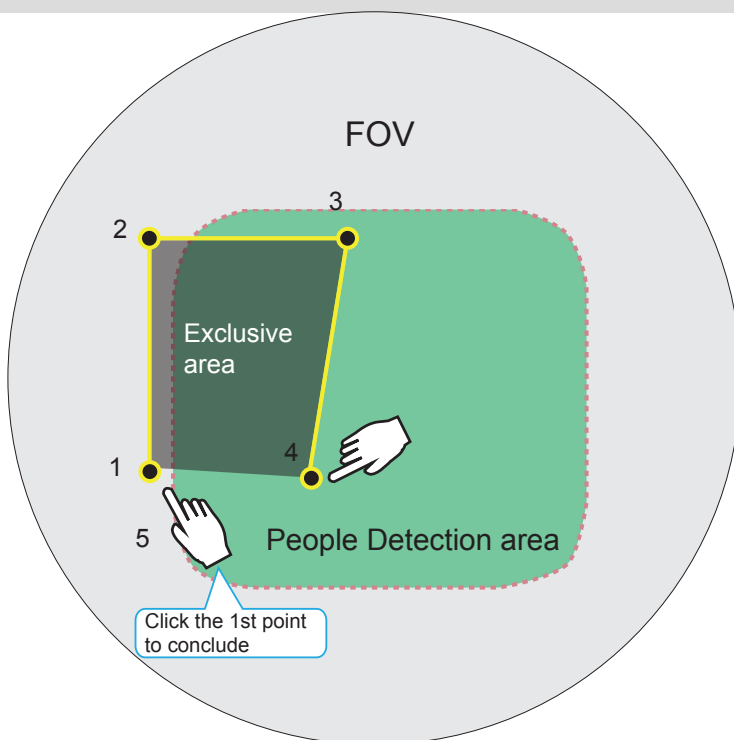
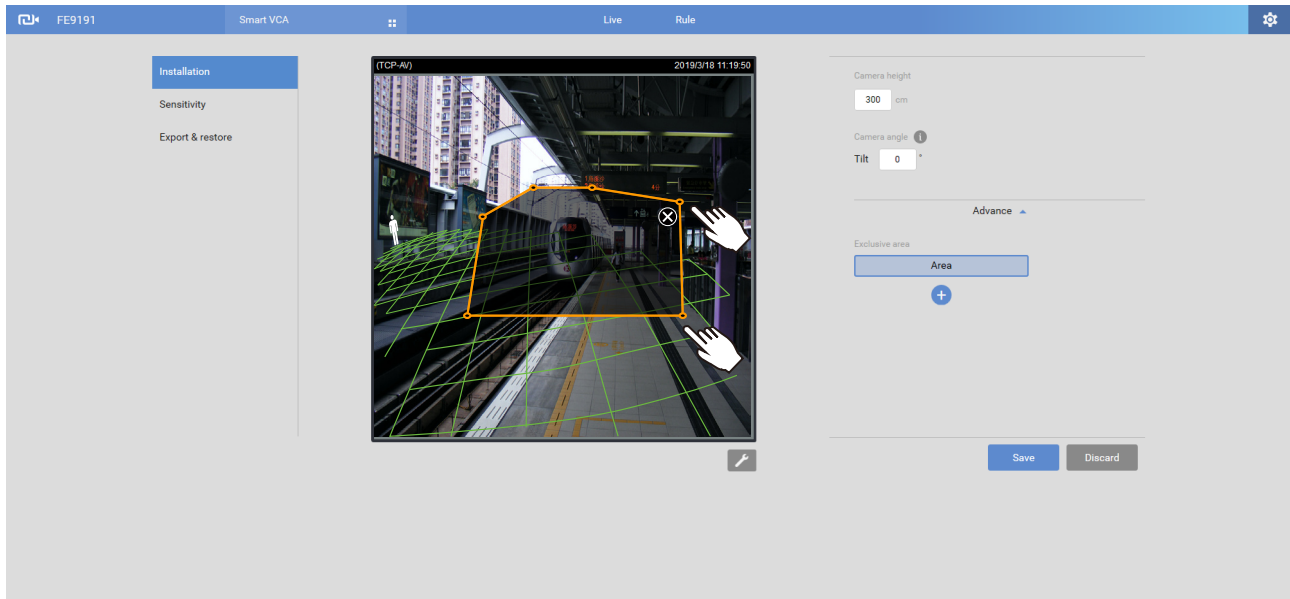
The roll angle is one that refers to the horizontal level line.

Exclusive Areas

Click the Add area button  to add an Exclusive area. Sometimes there are non-related elements in your field of view, such as a white wall where no one can walk on it or a fish pond with reflective water surface. You can add exclusive areas to block out the unnecessary elements in scene.

To create Exclusive areas, use mouse clicks on the screen to draw polygons. Click Save to preserve your settings. Up to 20 clicks can be used. A minimum of 3 clicks are required for an exclusive area. You can also double-click to conclude an area.

To delete an area, click the cross sign  on the area.

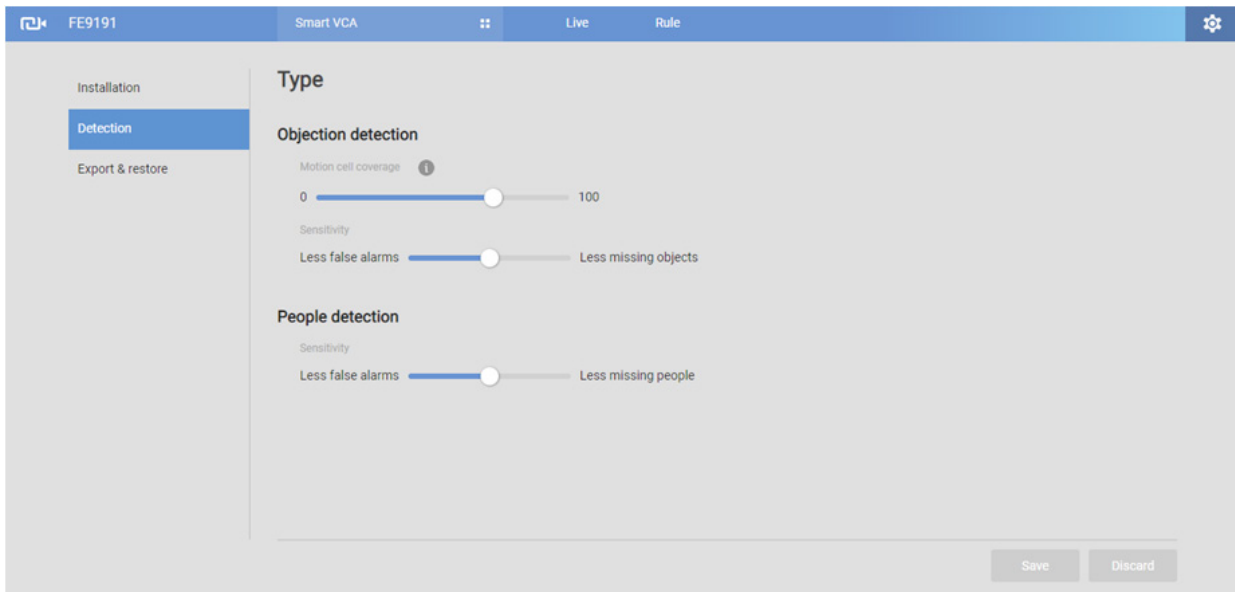


NOTE:

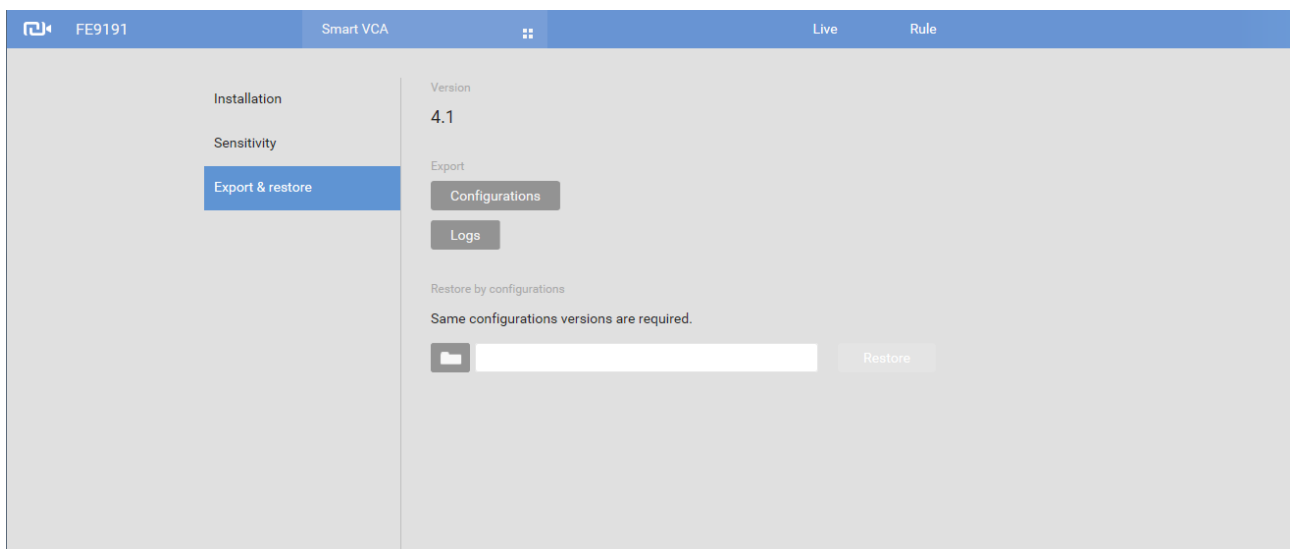
An Exclusive area can be placed outside of the People detection area.

5. When done, click **Save** to preserve your settings.

6. The **Settings** page also provides the generic tuning options. Refer to the following pages for configuration details. Note the Smart Motion detection and Smart VCA share the same Sensitivity parameters.




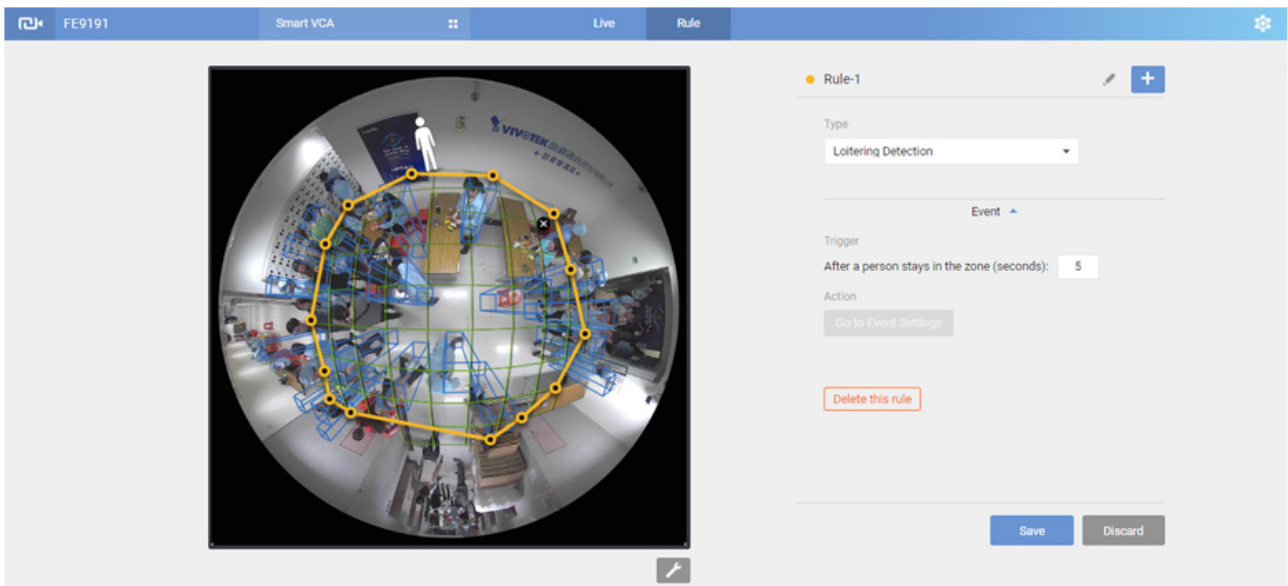
The **Export & restore** page can be used to save your configuration as a file. In some cases, your configuration can be repeatedly used at different locations. For example, when you install many cameras at the doors of train carts, you can use one configuration. Since their positions are identical, one configuration file will apply to all.



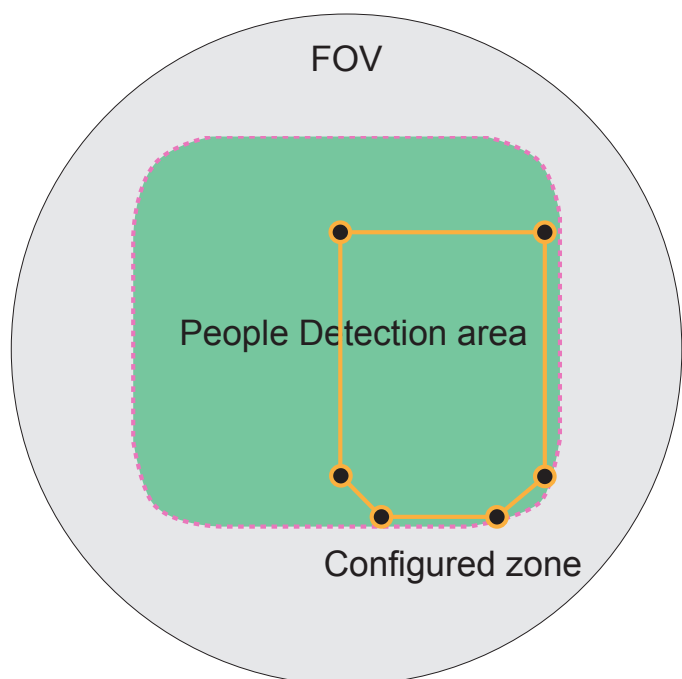
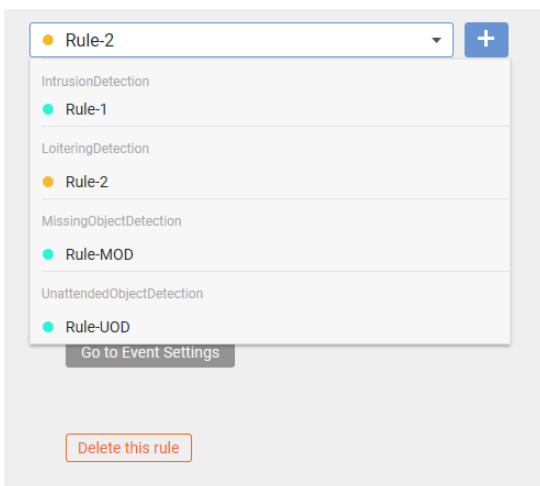
You can also export system logs for debug purposes or detail examination.

7. Click on the **Rule** tab to configure your detection rules. Up to 5 detection rules can be selected.

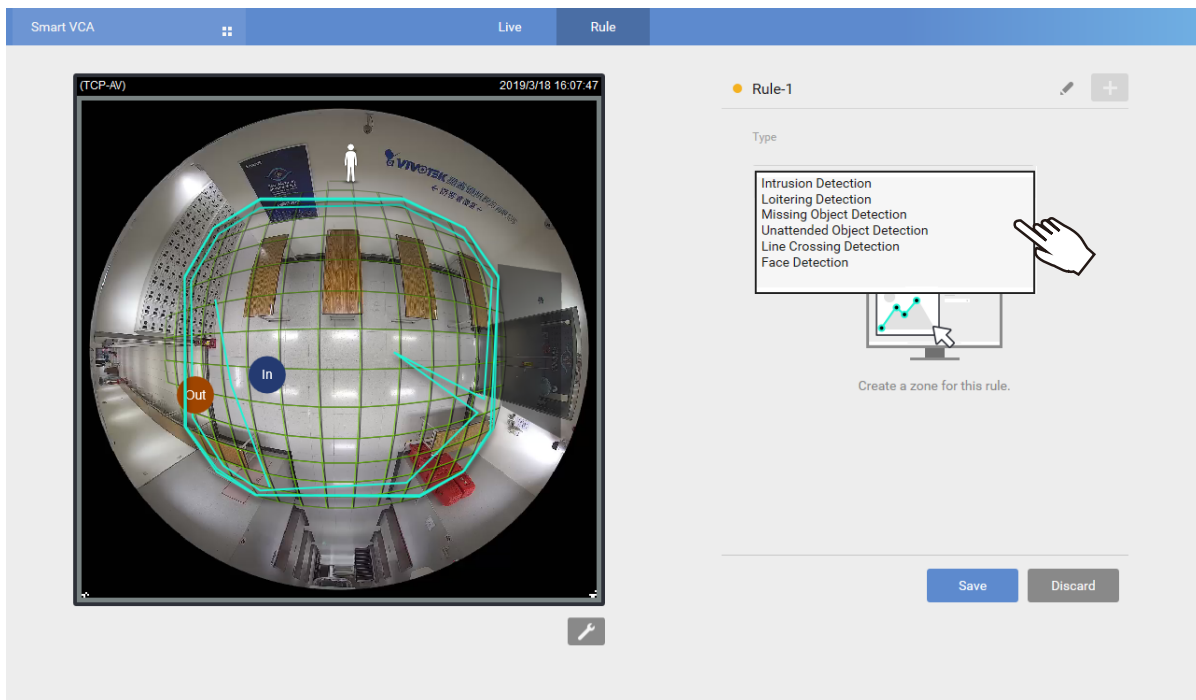
Use the **Add rule** button  to configure a new rule. This button will be disabled if all 5 rules have been created.



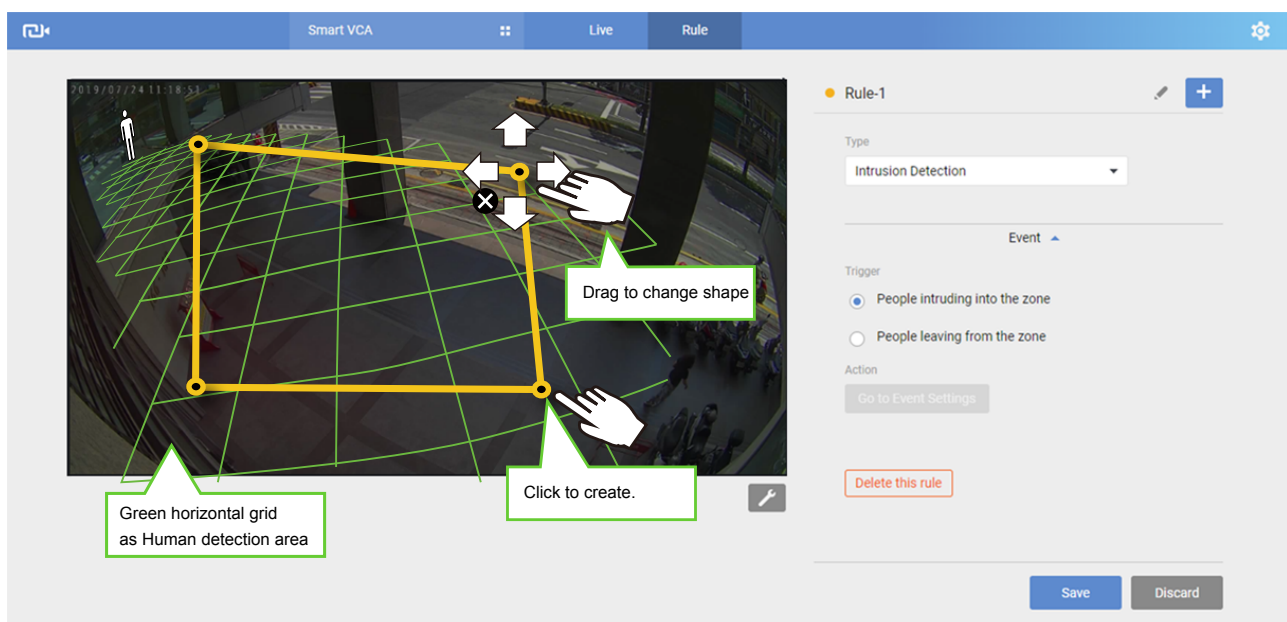
If there are existing rules, they can be found from the pull-down menu. You may also click the specific detection zone on screen. A selected zone (rule) will have its border points highlighted.



8. Select from the pull-down menu the type of VCA detection features you want to configure.



9. Click on the streaming window to create a detection zone in which you want the detection feature to take effect. You can use up to 20 clicks to create border points.

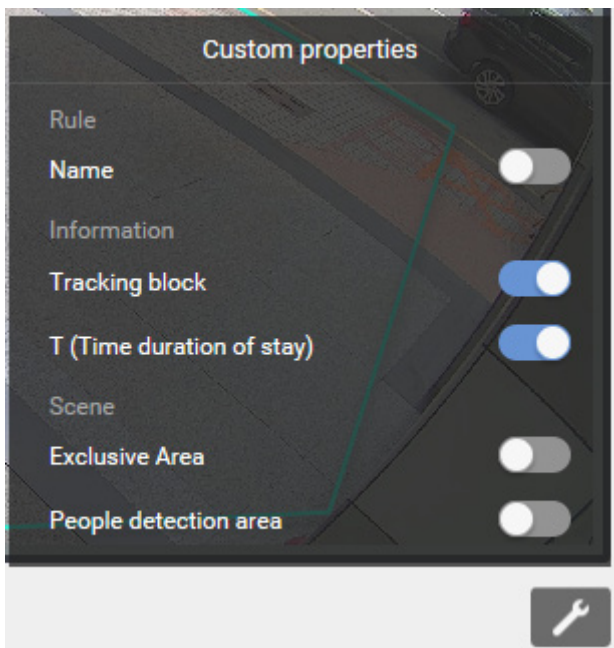


Change the coverage area of the window by dragging the border points. Note that the coverage area should be within the People detection area. The People detection area is indicated by the red, dotted line.

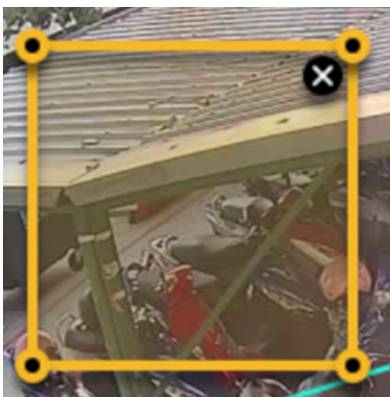
The display elements can be configured in the Custom properties pane:

- * **Name**: The name of the VCA rule.
- * **Tracking box**: The vertical bounding box surrounding a standing or walking human form.
- * **T(Time duration of stay)**: The calculated duration of stay of the detected objects(people) in scene.
- * **Exclusive Area**: Displays the Exclusive area(s) you created in the Settings page.
- * **People detection area**: The green horizontal grid mesh (fixed cameras, not for fisheye cameras) is automatically generated according to the camera's FOV, installation height, tilt, and roll angles. It is designed to indicate the area where the effective human detection can take effect. Place your detection window within the green grid (those for Intrusion, Loitering, and Line crossing detection).


The approximate distance between any two of the green lines is 1 meter. The height of the little white man on the upper left of the grid is approximately 1.7m.

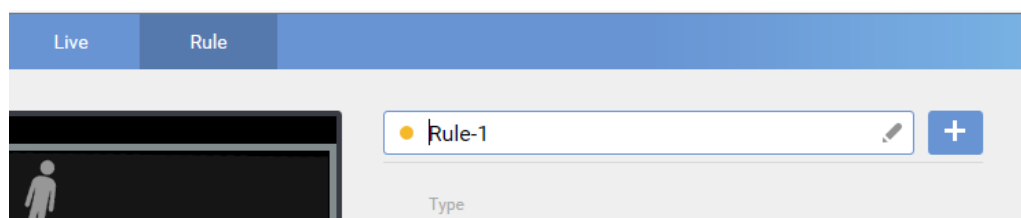


To remove an existing window, select and click on the X mark. A confirm box will prompt for the deletion of the window.



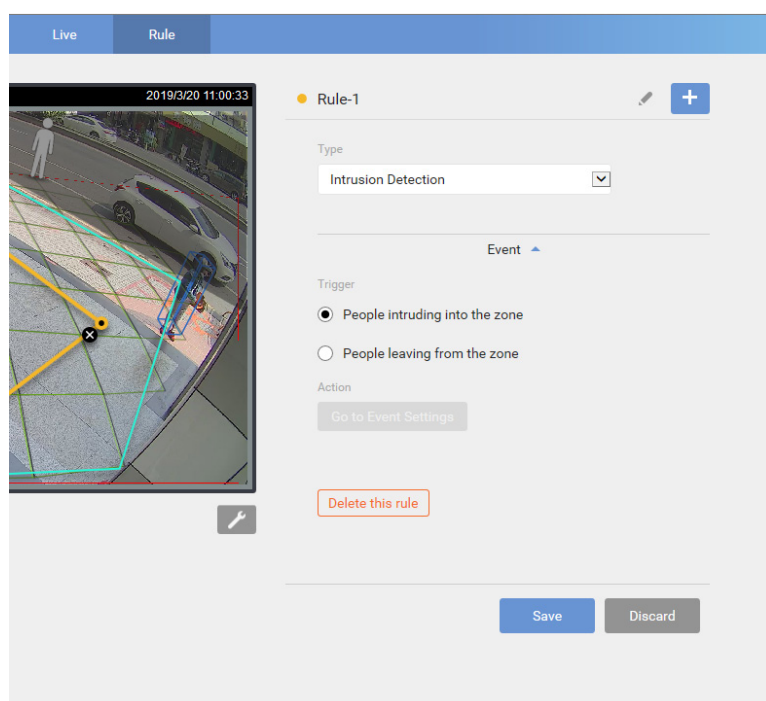
10. Configure the related parameters for the individual Smart VCA functionality you selected.

Click the pencil button  to enter a name for the Smart VCA rule, e.g., Loitering detection, building A. Up to 64 alpha-numeric characters are allowed.



Configuration for Individual Features:

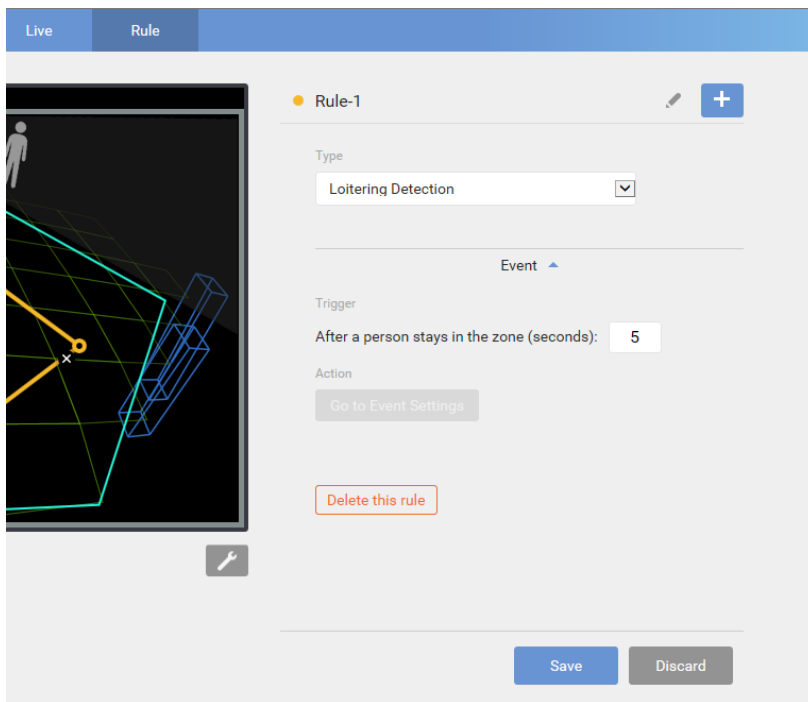
1. Intrusion Detection:



Select to detect either people **entering** or **leaving** the detection area.

People leaving the area may be those who exit a place where normally human traffic should not occur, e.g., a fire exit.

2. Loitering Detection:

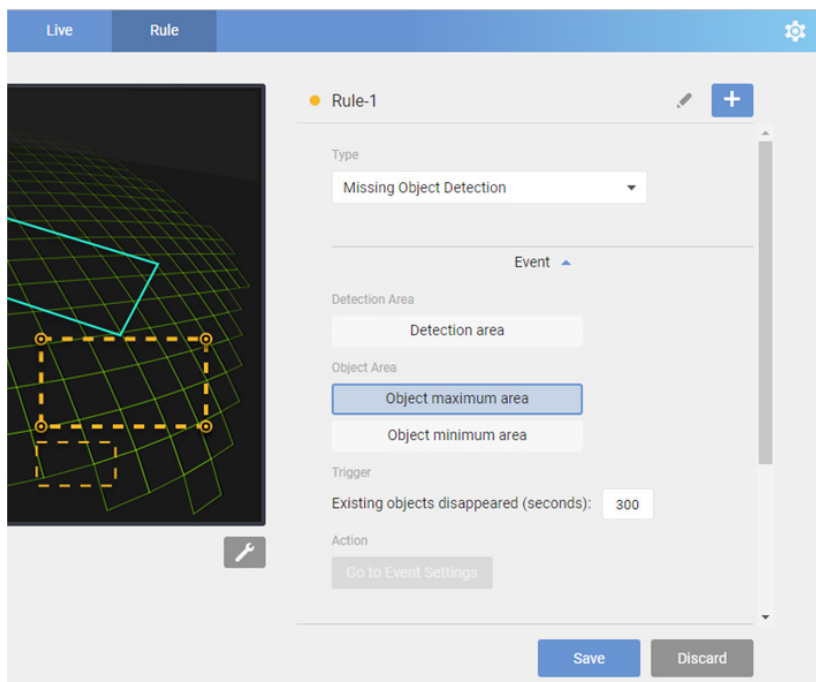


After a person stays in the zone (seconds):

Select a time threshold to trigger an event for a person lingering in the detection zone.

Note that you can change the Custom properties in order to display the duration of stay of people in scene.

3. Missing Object Detection:



Existing objects disappeared (seconds):

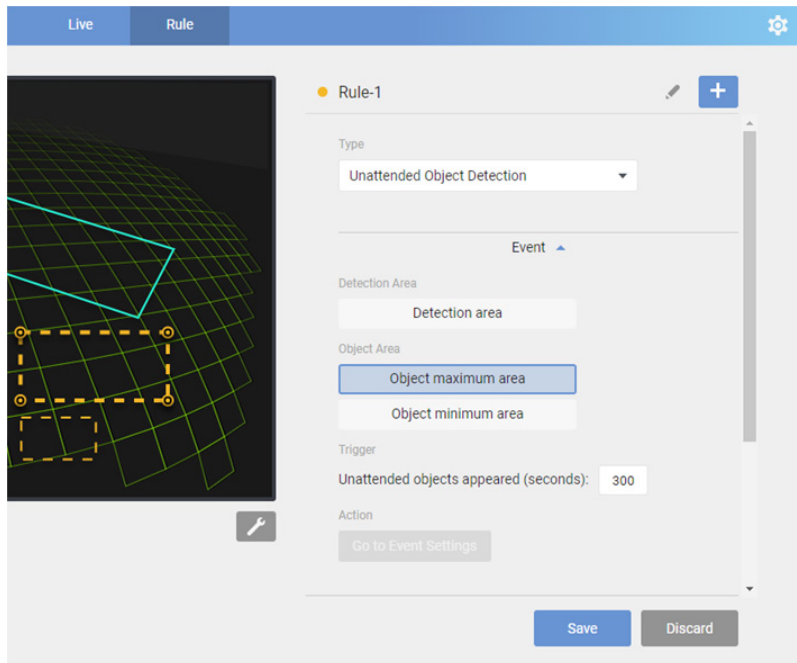
Select a time threshold to trigger an event after an object disappear from scene.

Object maximum/minimum size:

Use these size parameters to determine the size of the objects to be detected in the area.

Note that the camera algorithm rapidly learns the presence of objects in a scene within only a few frames. Therefore, if objects are continuously moved in and moved out of the scene, the events will be triggered whenever objects are moved.

4. Unattended Object Detection:



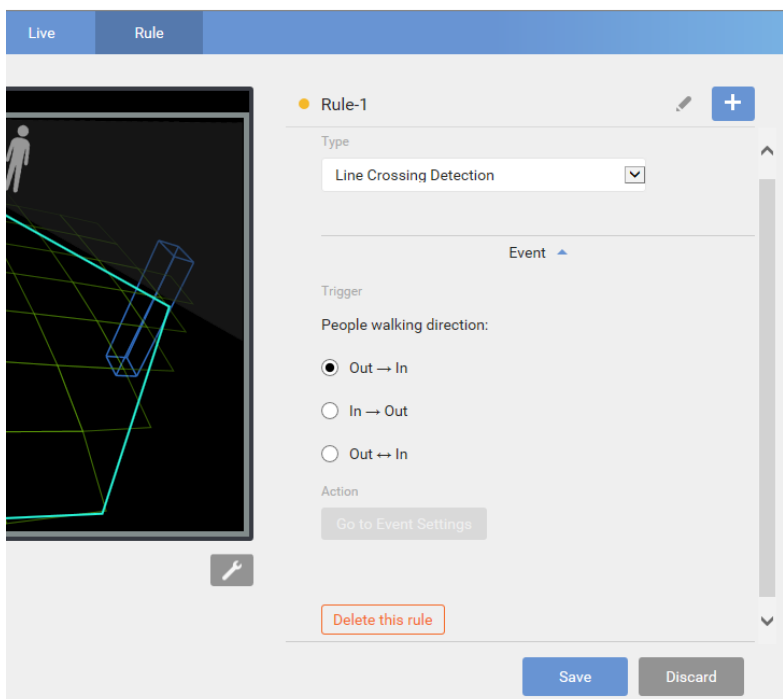
Unattended objects appeared (seconds):

Select a time threshold before triggering an event after an object is left in scene.

Object maximum/minimum size:

Use these size parameters to determine the size of the objects to be detected in the area.

5. Line Crossing Detection:



People walking direction:

Out → In
In → Out
Out ↔ In

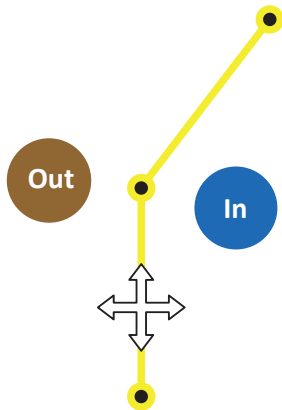
By default, a detection line will appear on screen, use your cursor to change its shape and location.

Select the direction of the line to suit your application. See below for the description.

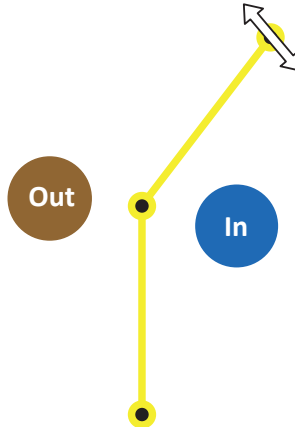
Place your cursor on the detection line to move the line to a preferred location. If you place your cursor on the end point, you can drag the end point to any place on the screen. Note that the line can not extend beyond the People detection area.

You can turn the whole line over to detect the movement from the opposite direction.

Place cursor on the line to drag the whole line.

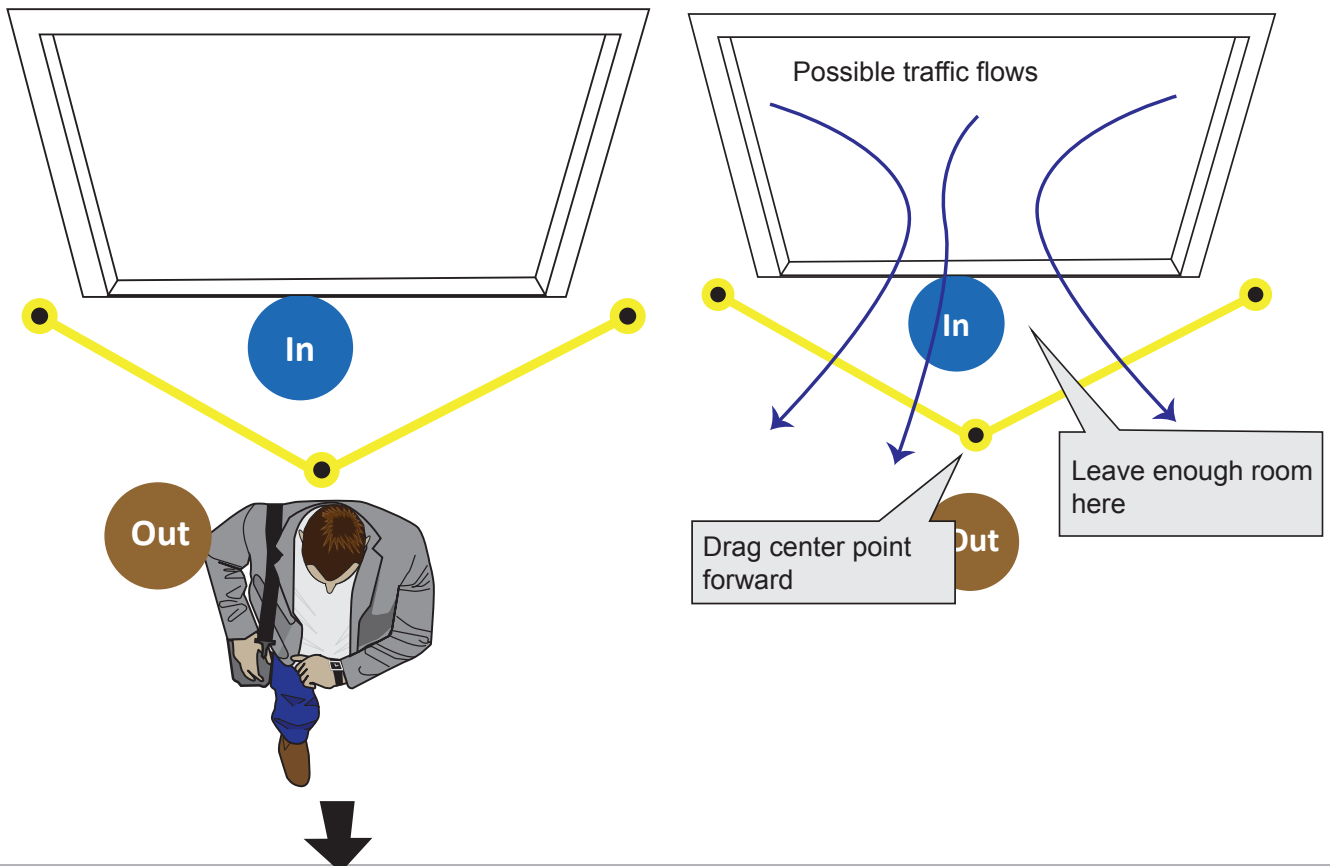


Place cursor on the end point to move the end point or stretch the line.

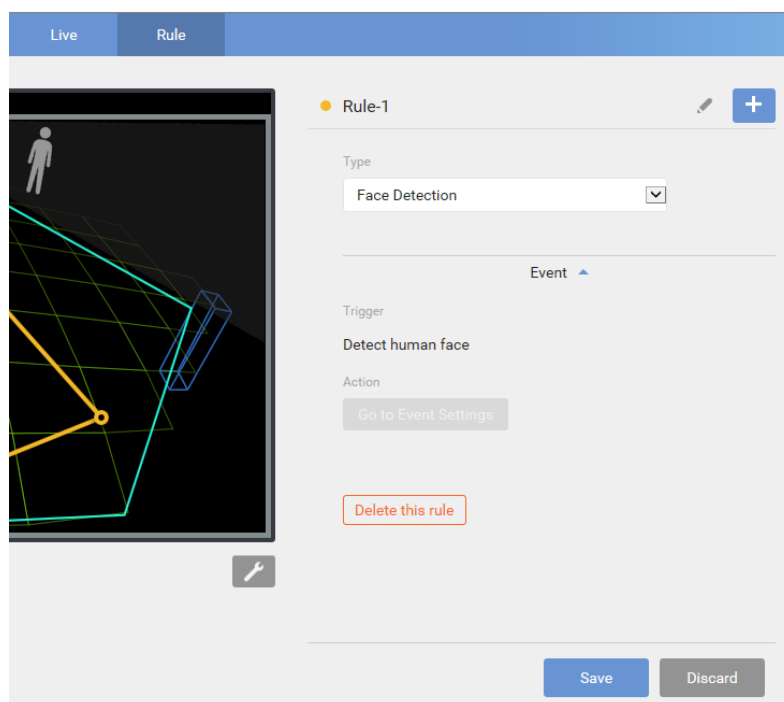


For example, if you want to detect people coming out from an entrance, place the detection line in front of the door and configure the line as In -> Out. You will then acquire the notification every time a person leaves the door.

Note that you should not place the line too close to the edge of FOV. The time people appears before reaching the line may be too short. The camera may not be able to detect the presence of people before they cross the line. You can bend the line to make room for detecting the presence.



6. Face Detection:



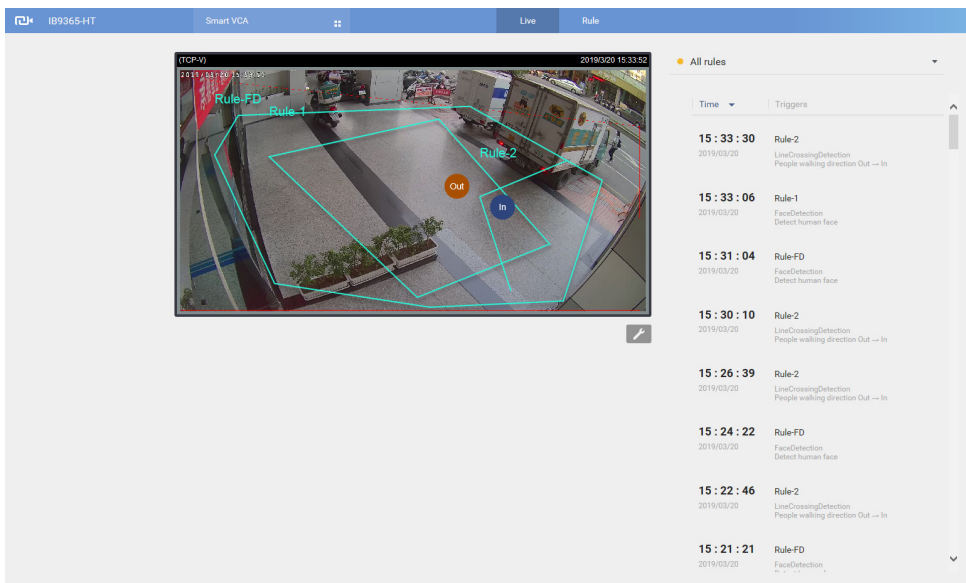
Face detection:

Currently there is no configurable option for this feature. The recognition of facial features is determined by the built-in database.

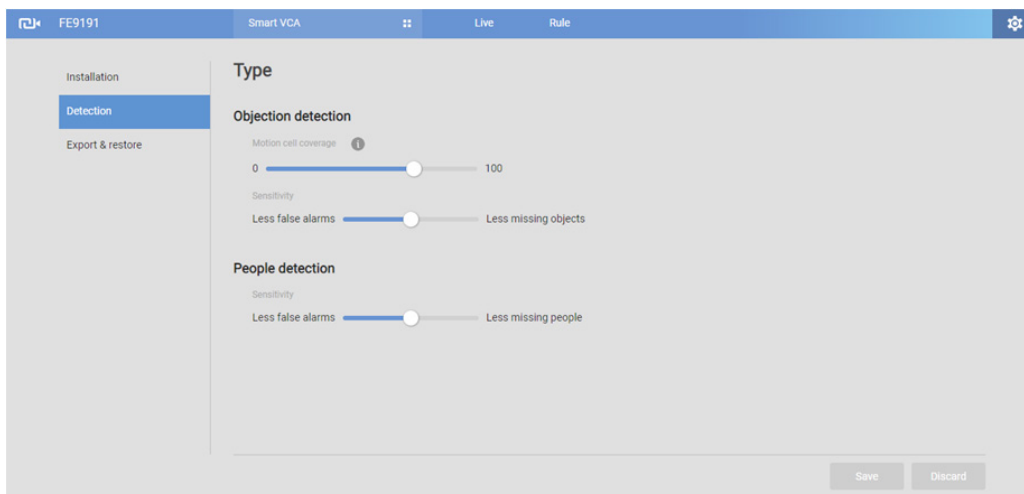
11. Click **Save** to preserve your settings. Click on the **Live** tab to check the performance and accuracy of your detection rules.

If you want to send the event trigger notifications via Email, FTP, HTTP, or to the networked storage, click the **Go to Event Settings** button. Refer to later discussion for how to receive interactive notifications on the **VAST** software.

12. The VCA detection results appear immediately on screen (depending on the activities and inputs in the scene).



You may need to enter **Settings > Sensitivity** to tune the VCA sensitivity settings if detection does not perform as your expectation. Note that these Sensitivity parameters are shared between Smart VCA and Smart Motion detection. For viewing Motion cell vectors, you need to turn on Smart Motion window to adjust the sensitivity.



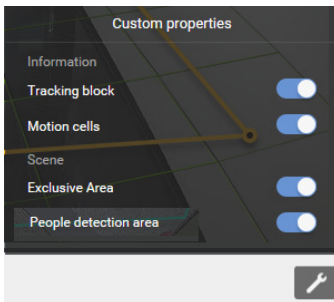
- **Motion cell coverage, Object detection, People detection:** In real-world applications, the effectiveness of VCA detection can be affected by the following:
 - Fast moving, running in the scene,
 - Linger at the edges of FOV,
 - People crouching or crawling.

In such situations, users can consider tuning the sensitivity towards "**Less missing objects.**"

On the contrary, if tuned towards "Less false alarms," the detection algorithm will apply more strictly human silhouette matching. In some situations, such as when a man crouches down to pick up an object, he will be temporarily undetected.

The following is available in the Smart Motion detection window:

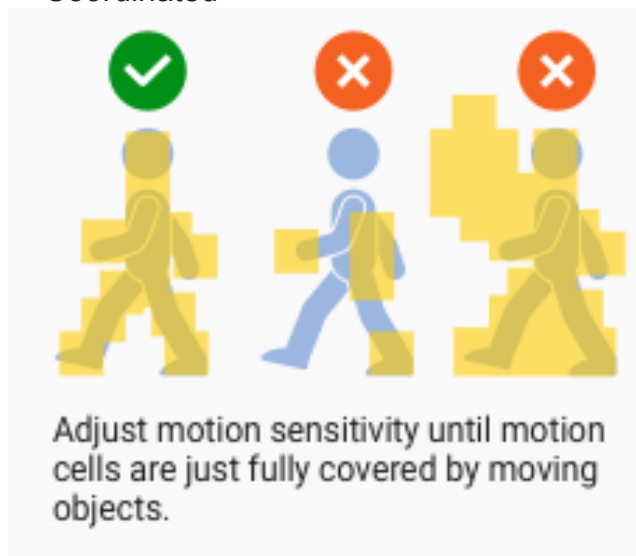
Click on the Tools button at the lower-right of the streaming window for the display options.



- **Show Motion Cells:** Displays the motion cells around a moving object. By default, when People detection is enabled, the motion cells display is turned off.

12-1. Observe the human traffic on screen and tune the sensitivity until the motion cells match the human figures on screen. If you aim to detect larger objects, such as vehicles, the same applies. Tune the sensitivity so that the appearance of motion cells better coordinates the appearance of the objects of your interest.

Coordinated cells too few excessive cells



A real-world view of excessive motion cells is shown below. The higher the sensitivity, the higher the chance of generating more motion cells.

Shown below is the comparison of the same object detected through different sensitivity levels. At the sensitivity level 90, excessive motion cells can be observed; while at level 30, the detection ends up with insufficient motion cells.

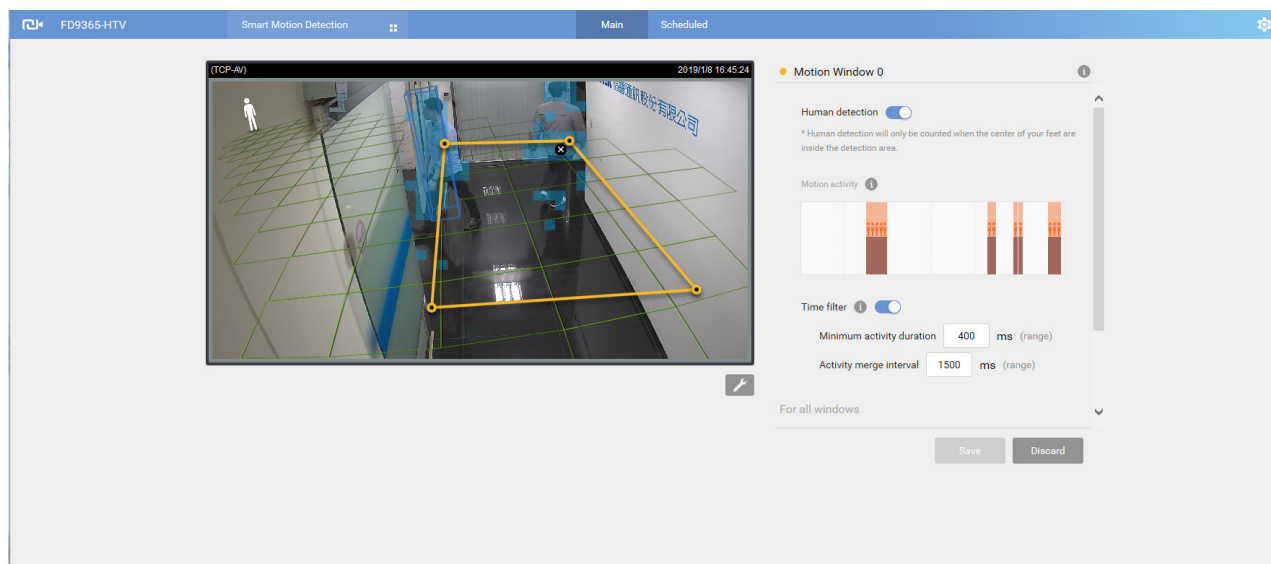
Sensitivity: 90



Sensitivity: 30



With a live view, you can observe the effectiveness of People detection on screen.

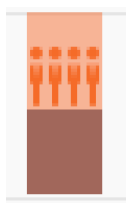


Tune the following if the need should arise.

Motion sensitivity: Use the slide bar to change the sensitivity. Default is 70%.

People detection: Use this slide tab to enable or disable the People detection feature. When Human detection is disabled, different configuration options will appear.

Motion activity: The detected human activities is displayed on a 1-minute time line. The consecutive 4 standing man icons indicate a detected presence persisted for 4 seconds.



Note that when watching the activities, the Motion activity displays for a selected window. If you have multiple detection windows, and a window is currently not selected on screen, its activities do not display.

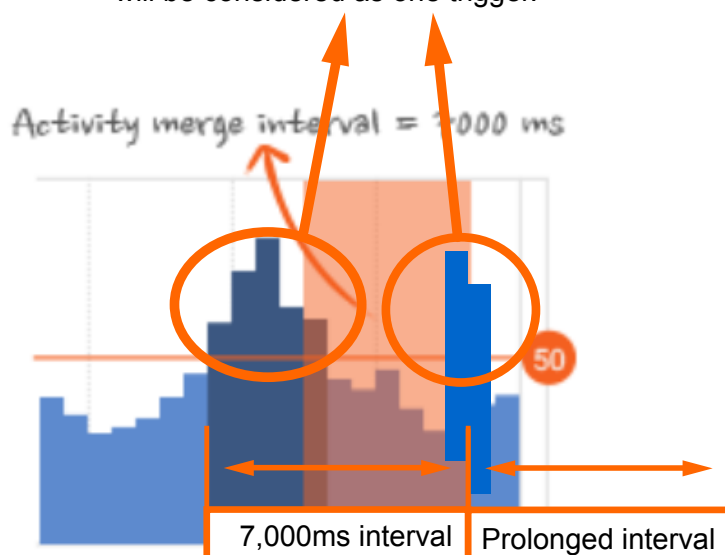
When activities occur, and the window is triggered, the window will be highlighted by turning the frame into red.

Time filter:

Minimum activity duration: A human activity (or moving objects) must persist for longer than this duration to be considered an effective trigger. This aims to avoid the situation when one enters and leaves the scene very quickly.

Activity merge interval: Setting this interval aims to avoid the stop-and-move maneuver by some thieves. The activities occurred during this duration is considered as one trigger. If activities occur before the end of the interval, the interval will be prolonged, e.g., 7 + 7 seconds.

If activities occur before the end of this interval, the inconsecutive actions will be considered as one trigger.



Below are the statuses of the VCA rule detection polygons (zones):

Normal

Motion window (normal)



Selected by a mouse click. You can click on the delete button to remove a configured window.

Motion window (focus)



When motion is triggered in the window.

Motion window (trigger)



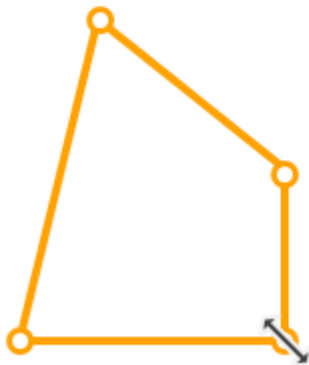
When moused over. You edit the end points.

Motion window (hover on area)

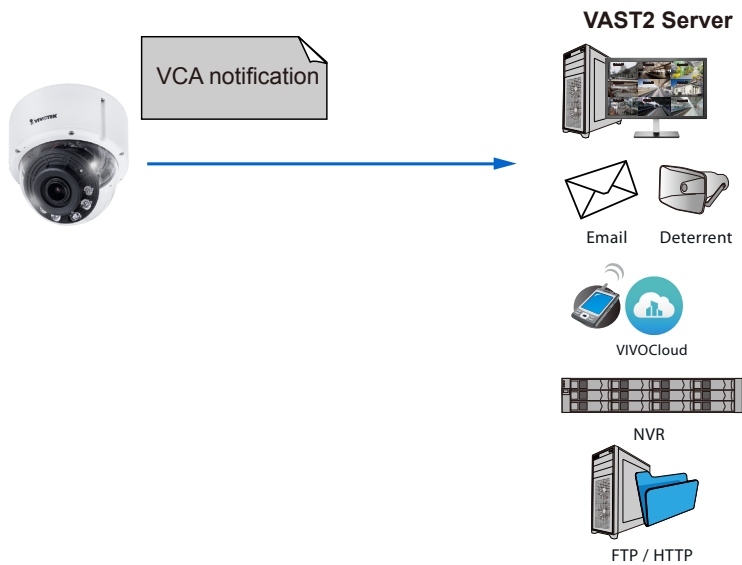


Click and drag the end points to edit the coverage of the motion window.

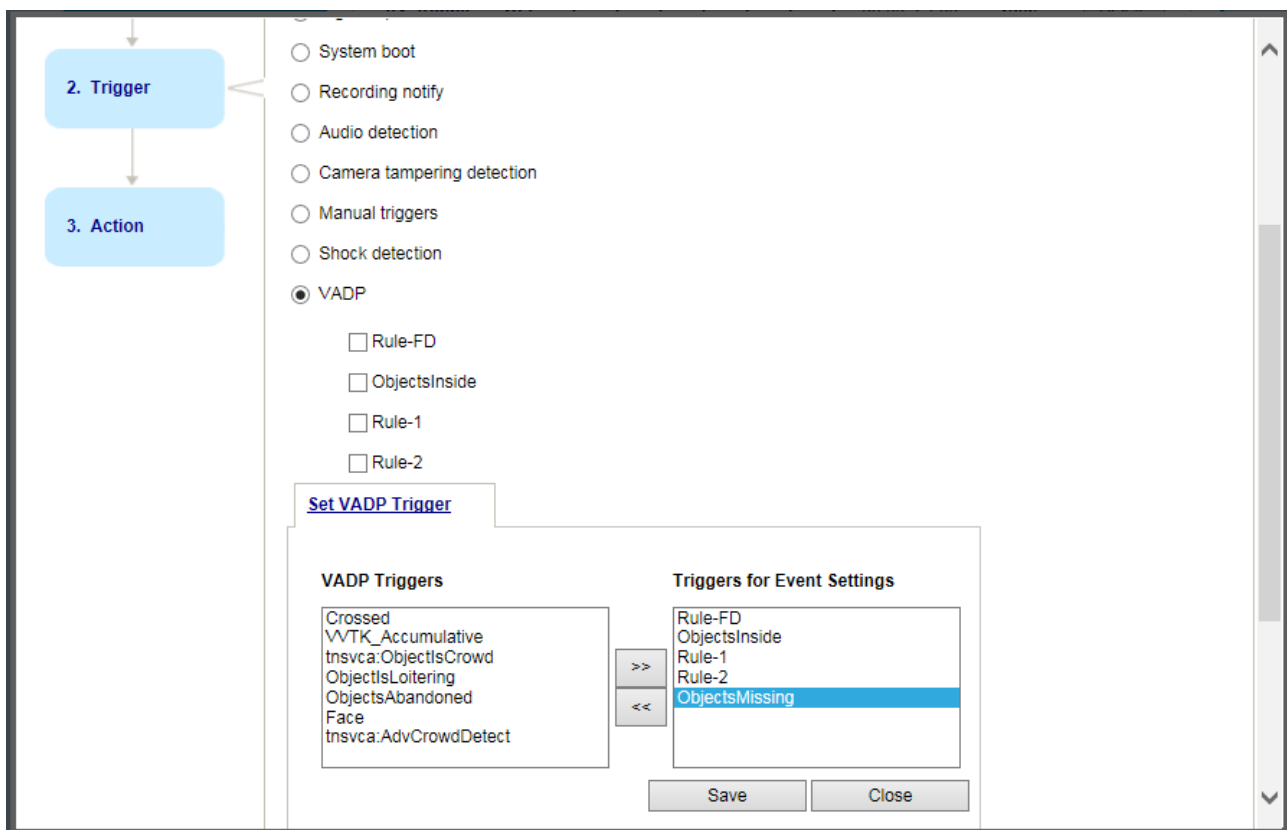
Motion window (hover on point)



12-2. When the Smart VCA configuration is made, associate the event delivery with the occurrence of VCA events. For example, you can configure the camera to record the related video clips by the time the events occur, or sending an Email containing the snapshot of the event.

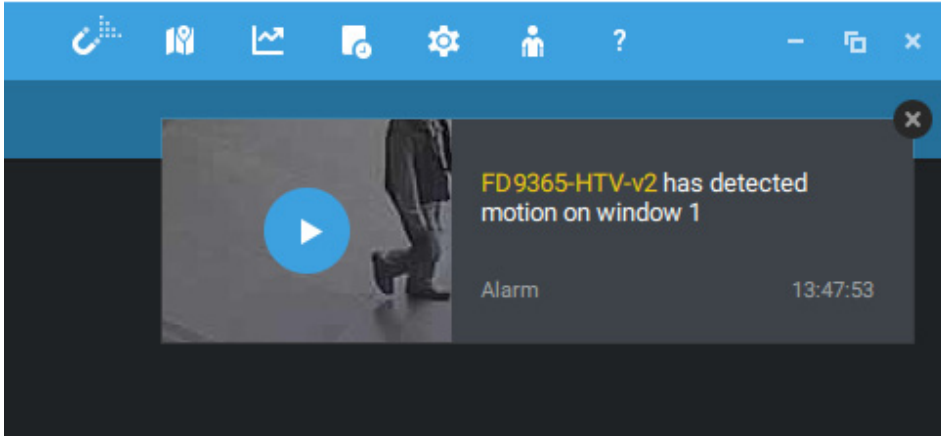


Configure the motion event notification in Configuration > Event settings.



Configuration & Viewing on the VAST Software:

VCA events prompt on VIVOTEK's central management software, VAST2. A single click on the event prompt can play back the related video footage.



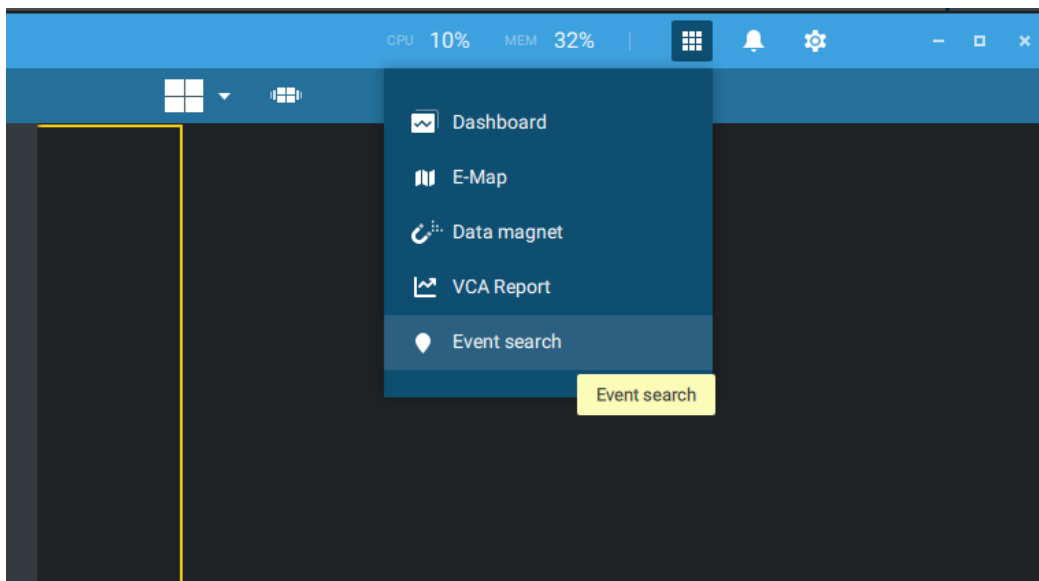
VCA events are tagged and can be retrieved from the event list using the Alarm Search function.

The search function has the following benefits:

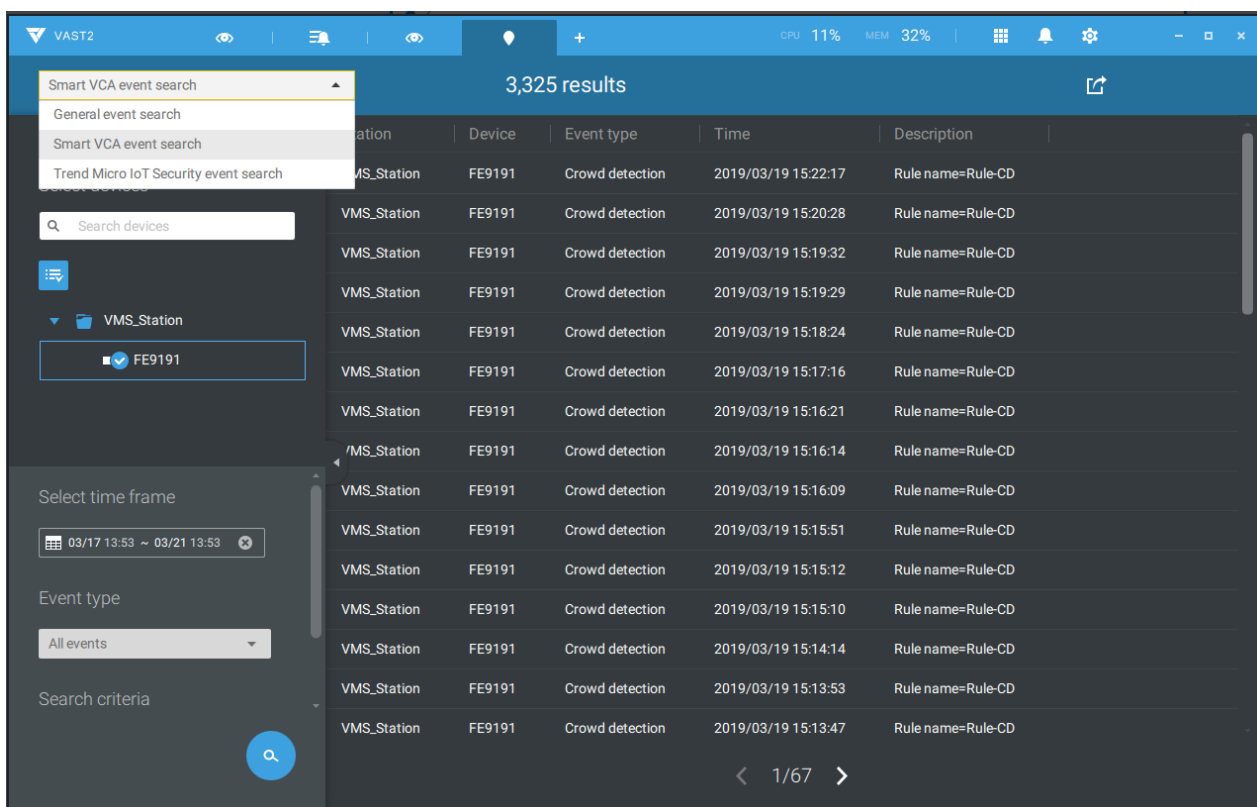
1. **Faster search:** Metadata is saved with videos coming from cameras running Smart VCA detection. With the help of the metadata, the search focuses on the effective alerted vectors and the adverse effects, e.g., headlights causing dramatic contrast or small animals passing through, have already been eliminated by the camera. The search can be more rapidly completed.
2. **People detection:** The search can be conducted for human activities only. Activities matching the silhouettes of human will be considered as effective results.
3. **Multiple multi-point polygons:** Users can more readily create flexible polygons on the areas of their interest.

Note that the detection areas must have been configured on each camera before the VCA search can take effect.

Open the Application tab on VAST tool bar. Click Event search.



On the pull-down menu on the upper left, click Smart VCA event search. Select the time span, and select the event type, and the search results will rapidly display.



If you find important events, use the Export function to export an event file. The file looks like this: 20190318_083935-20190319_152217_Smart VCA event.csv.

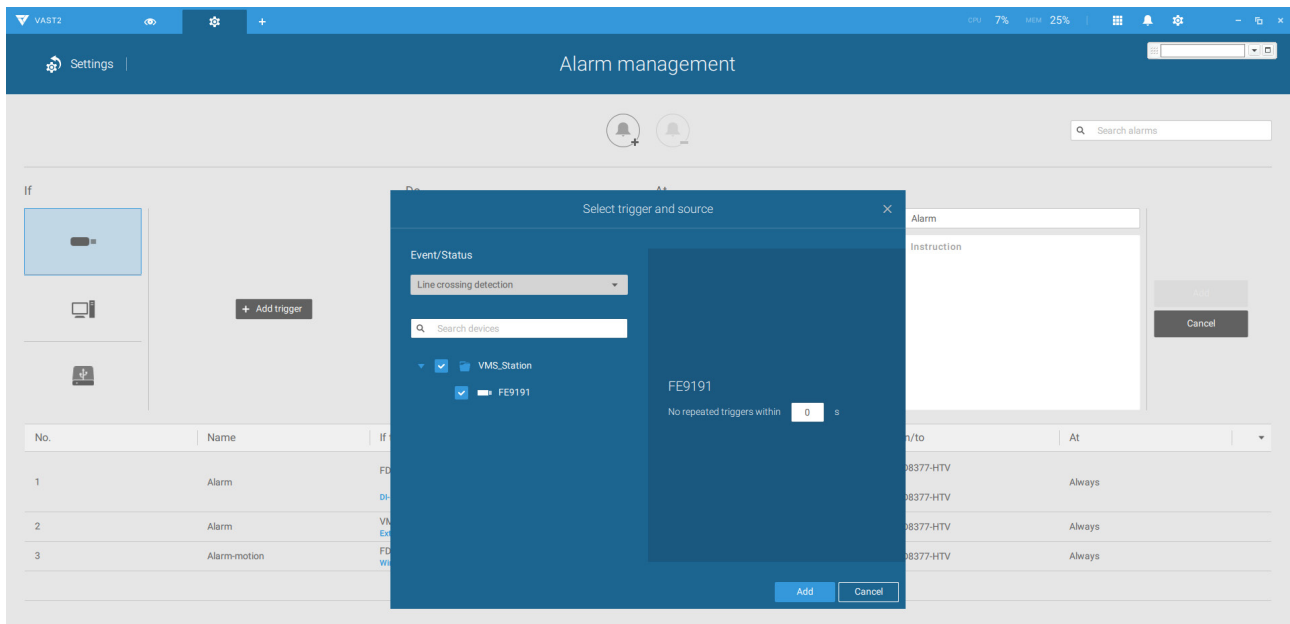
The rule name, rule type, and the time of occurrence will be listed.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1	Station	Device	Event Type	Time	Description		
2	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
3	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
4	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
5	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
6	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
7	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
8	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
9	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
10	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
11	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
12	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
13	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
14	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
15	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
16	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
17	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
18	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
19	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
20	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
21	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
22	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		
23	VMS_Static	"FE9191"	"Crowd de	"2019/03/	"Rule name=Rule-CD"		

In VAST > Settings > Event Management, configure VCA event from cameras as event triggers.

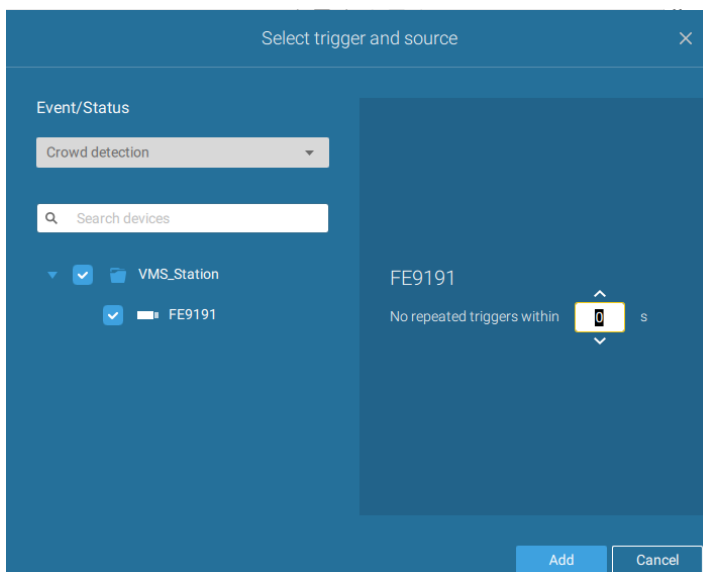
No.	Name	If the following is triggered	By	Do	On/to	At
1	Alarm-Line-crossing	FE9191 VCA-LineCrossingDetection	Line crossing detection	Start to record videos	FE9191	Always
2	Alarm	FD8377-HTV DI-1	Camera DI	Start to record videos Add bookmark	FD8377-HTV FD8377-HTV	Always
3	Alarm	VMS_Station ExtTCPMessage	TCP message	Start to record videos	FD8377-HTV	Always
4	Alarm-motion	FD8377-HTV Window 1	...	Motion detection Start to record videos	FD8377-HTV	Always

Click **Add Trigger** to enter the configuration window.



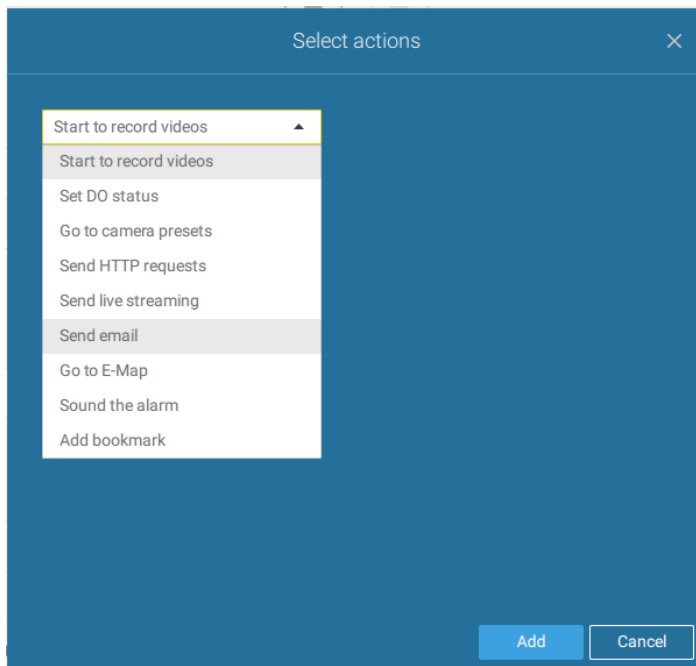
Proceed with the following:

1. Select the camera running the VCA detection.
2. Select the type of Smart VCA feature.



3. Select the responsive action and complete the rest of the configuration.

Note that if **Add bookmark** is selected, the related video clip will be saved, and the clips will not be recycled when the storage space is full.



The configured VCA alarms will be listed and the configuration takes effect immediately.

