# Two-door Two-way Access Controller

Quick Start Guide

# **Cybersecurity Recommendations**

#### Mandatory actions to be taken towards cybersecurity

#### 1. Change Passwords and Use Strong Passwords:

The number one reason systems get "hacked" is due to having weak or default passwords. It is recommended to change default passwords immediately and choose a strong password whenever possible. A strong password should be made up of at least 8 characters and a combination of special characters, numbers, and upper and lower case letters.

#### 2. Update Firmware

As is standard procedure in the tech-industry, we recommend keeping NVR, DVR, and IP camera firmware up-to-date to ensure the system is current with the latest security patches and fixes.

#### "Nice to have" recommendations to improve your network security

#### 1. Change Passwords Regularly

Regularly change the credentials to your devices to help ensure that only authorized users are able to access the system.

#### 2. Change Default HTTP and TCP Ports:

- Change default HTTP and TCP ports for systems. These are the two ports used to communicate and to view video feeds remotely.
- These ports can be changed to any set of numbers between 1025-65535. Avoiding the default ports reduces the risk of outsiders being able to guess which ports you are using.

#### 3. Enable HTTPS/SSL:

Set up an SSL Certificate to enable HTTPS. This will encrypt all communication between your devices and recorder

#### 4. Enable IP Filter:

Enabling your IP filter will prevent everyone, except those with specified IP addresses, from accessing the system.

#### 5. Change ONVIF Password:

On older IP Camera firmware, the ONVIF password does not change when you change the system's credentials. You will need to either update the camera's firmware to the latest revision or manually change the ONVIF password.

#### 6. Forward Only Ports You Need:

- Only forward the HTTP and TCP ports that you need to use. Do not forward a huge range of numbers to the device. Do not DMZ the device's IP address.
- You do not need to forward any ports for individual cameras if they are all connected to a recorder on site; just the NVR is needed.

#### 7. Disable Auto-Login on SmartPSS:

Those using SmartPSS to view their system and on a computer that is used by multiple people should disable auto-login. This adds a layer of security to prevent users without the appropriate credentials from accessing the system.

#### 8. Use a Different Username and Password for SmartPSS:

In the event that your social media, bank, email, etc. account is compromised, you would not want someone collecting those passwords and trying them out on your video surveillance system. Using a different username and password for your security system will make it more difficult for someone to guess their way into your system.

#### 9. Limit Features of Guest Accounts:

If your system is set up for multiple users, ensure that each user only has rights to features and functions they need to use to perform their job.

#### 10. UPnP:

- UPnP will automatically try to forward ports in your router or modem. Normally this would be a good thing. However, if your system automatically forwards the ports and you leave the credentials defaulted, you may end up with unwanted visitors.
- If you manually forwarded the HTTP and TCP ports in your router/modem, this feature should be turned off regardless. Disabling UPnP is recommended when the function is not used in real applications.

#### 11. SNMP:

Disable SNMP if you are not using it. If you are using SNMP, you should do so only temporarily, for tracing and testing purposes only.

#### 12. Multicast:

Multicast is used to share video streams between two recorders. Currently there are no known issues involving Multicast, but if you are not using this feature, deactivation can enhance your network security.

#### 13. Check the Log:

If you suspect that someone has gained unauthorized access to your system, you can check the system log. The system log will show you which IP addresses were used to login to your system and what was accessed.

#### 14. Physically Lock Down the Device:

Ideally, you want to prevent any unauthorized physical access to your system. The best way to achieve this is to install the recorder in a lockbox, locking server rack, or in a room that is behind a lock and key.

#### 15. Connect IP Cameras to the PoE Ports on the Back of an NVR:

Cameras connected to the PoE ports on the back of an NVR are isolated from the outside world and cannot be accessed directly.

#### 16. Isolate NVR and IP Camera Network

The network your NVR and IP camera resides on should not be the same network as your public computer network. This will prevent any visitors or unwanted guests from getting access to the same network the security system needs in order to function properly.

# **Regulatory Information**

#### **FCC** Information



Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

#### **FCC** conditions:

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- This device may not cause harmful interference.
- This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

#### **FCC** compliance:

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. This equipment generate, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the guide, may cause harmful interference to radio communication.

- For class A device, these limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a commercial environment. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.
- For class B device, these limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
  - Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
  - Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
  - Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
  - Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

#### General

This document elaborates on structure, installation and wiring of two-door two-way access controller.

#### Safety Instructions

The following categorized signal words with defined meaning might appear in the Manual.

Signal Words	Meaning
<b>DANGER</b>	Indicates a high potential hazard which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
<b>WARNING</b>	Indicates a medium or low potential hazard which, if not avoided, could result in slight or moderate injury.
<b>A</b> CAUTION	Indicates a potential risk which, if not avoided, could result in property damage, data loss, lower performance, or unpredictable result.
OTIPS	Provides methods to help you solve a problem or save you time.
NOTE	Provides additional information as the emphasis and supplement to the text.

## Privacy Protection Notice

As the device user or data controller, you might collect personal data of others, such as face, fingerprints, car plate number, Email address, phone number, GPS and so on. You need to be in compliance with the local privacy protection laws and regulations to protect the legitimate rights and interests of other people by implementing measures, including but not limited to: providing clear and visible identification to inform data subject the existence of surveillance area and providing related contact.

#### About the Guide

- The Guide is for reference only. If there is inconsistency between the Guide and the actual product, the actual product shall prevail.
- We are not liable for any loss caused by the operations that do not comply with the Guide.
- The Guide would be updated according to the latest laws and regulations of related regions. For detailed information, see the paper User's Manual, CD-ROM, QR code or our official website. If there is inconsistency between paper User's Manual and the electronic version, the electronic version shall prevail.

- All the designs and software are subject to change without prior written notice. The product updates might cause some differences between the actual product and the Guide. Please contact the customer service for the latest program and supplementary documentation.
- There still might be deviation in technical data, functions and operations description, or errors in print. If there is any doubt or dispute, please refer to our final explanation.
- Upgrade the reader software or try other mainstream reader software if the Guide (in PDF format) cannot be opened.
- All trademarks, registered trademarks and the company names in the Guide are the properties of their respective owners.
- Please visit our website, contact the supplier or customer service if there is any problem occurred when using the device.
- If there is any uncertainty or controversy, please refer to our final explanation.

# **Important Safeguards and Warnings**

The following description is the correct application method of the device. Please read the Guide carefully before use, in order to prevent danger and property loss. Strictly conform to the Guide during application and keep it properly after reading.

#### **Operating Requirement**

- Please don't place and install the device in an area exposed to direct sunlight or near heat generating device.
- Please don't install the device in a humid, dusty or fuliginous area.
- Please keep its horizontal installation, or install it at stable places, and prevent it from falling.
- Please don't drip or splash liquids onto the device; don't put on the device anything filled with liquids, in order to prevent liquids from flowing into the device.
- Please install the device at well-ventilated places; don't block its ventilation opening.
- Use the device only within rated input and output range.
- Please don't dismantle the device arbitrarily.
- Please transport, use and store the device within allowed humidity and temperature range.

#### Power Requirement

- Please make sure to use batteries according to requirements; otherwise, it may result in fire, explosion or burning risks of batteries!
- To replace batteries, only the same type of batteries can be used!
- The product shall use electric cables (power cables) recommended by this area, which shall be used within its rated specification!
- Please use standard power adapter matched with the device. Otherwise, the user shall undertake resulting personnel injury or device damage.
- Please use power supply that meets SELV (safety extra low voltage) requirements, and supply power with rated voltage that conforms to Limited Power Source in IEC60950-1. For specific power supply requirements, please refer to device labels.
- Products with category I structure shall be connected to grid power output socket, which is equipped with protective grounding.
- Appliance coupler is a disconnecting device. During normal use, please keep an angle that facilitates operation.

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Overview

Two-door two-way access controller is a controlling device which compensates video surveillance and visual intercom. It has neat and modern design with strong functionality, suitable for commercial building, corporation property and intelligent community.

#### 1.1 Functional Feature

Its rich functions are as follows:

- Adopt slide rail and lock-controlled design, convenient installation and maintenance.
- Integrate alarm, access control, video surveillance and fire alarm.
- Support 4 sets of card readers (which can be set as 2 one-door two-way readers).
- Support 8 groups of signal input (exit button\*2, door contact\*2 and intrusion alarm\*4).
- Support 6 groups of control output (electric lock \*2, external alarm output \*2 and internal alarm output \*2).
- With RS485 port, it may extend to connect control module.
- FLASH storage capacity is 16M (which may extend to 32M). Support max. 100,000 card holders and 150,000 card reading records.
- Support illegal intrusion alarm, unlock timeout alarm, duress card and duress code setup. Also support black-white list and patrol card setup.
- Support valid time period setting, password setting and expiration date setting of cards. Regarding guest card, its time of use can be set.
- Support 128 groups of schedules and 128 groups of holiday schedules.
- Permanent data storage during outage, built-in RTC (support DST), online upgrade.

## 1.2 External Dimension

Its appearance and dimension is shown in Figure 1-1 and Figure 1-2. The unit is mm.

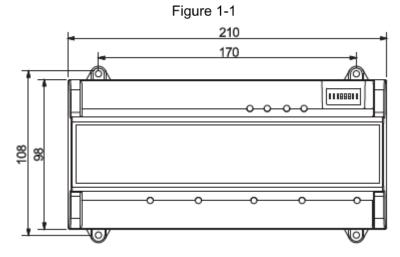
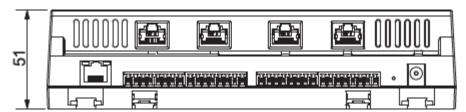


Figure 1-2



# 2.1 System Structure

System structure of two-door two-way access controller, door lock and reader is shown in Figure 2-1.

Figure 2-1 Fingerprint Collector Card Issuer Printer Backup Workstation1 Workstation2 Server TCP/IP Network TCP/IP Two-door Two-way Access Controller Signal Output Module Alarm Light x2 Alarm Detector x4 Lock x 2 Exit Button x 2 Reader x4

## 2.2 Device Installation

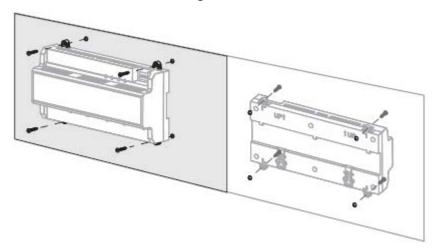
There are two installation modes.

- Mode 1: fix the whole device onto the wall with screws.
- Mode 2: with U-shaped guide rail, hang the whole device onto the wall (the U-shaped guide rail is an optional fitting).

#### Mode 1

Installation diagram is shown in Figure 2-2.

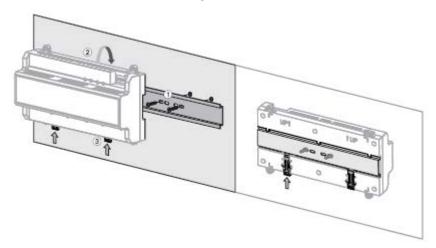
Figure 2-2



#### Mode 2

Installation diagram is shown in Figure 2-3.

Figure 2-3



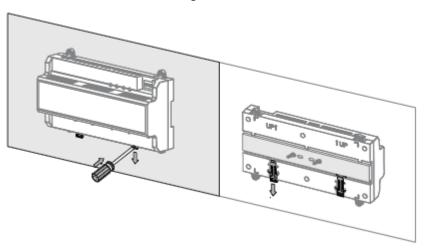
- Step 1 Fix the U-shaped guide rail onto the wall with screws.
- Step 2 Buckle the upper rear part of the device into upper groove of the U-shaped guide rail.
- <u>Step 3</u> Push the snap joint at the bottom of the device upwards. The installation is completed when you hear the fitting sound.

# 2.3 Disassembly

If the device is installed with mode 2, please disassemble it according to Figure 2-4.

Align a screwdriver with the snap joint, press it down and the snap joint will pop up, so the whole device can be disassembled smoothly.

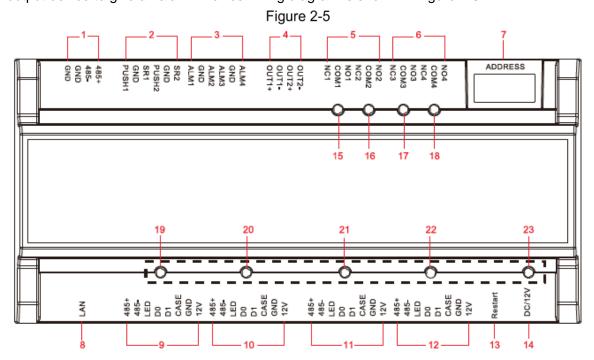
Figure 2-4



# 2.4 Wiring Diagram

# 2.4.1 Wiring Description of Access Controller

This device supports two-door two-way in or out. In case of alarm input, trigger external alarm output device to give an alarm. Device wiring diagram is shown in Figure 2-5.



Interfaces are described in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1

No.	Port Description	No.	Port Description
1	RS485 communication	8	TCP/IP, software platform port
2	Exit button and door contact		Entry reader of door 1
3	External alarm input	10	Exit reader of door 1
4	External alarm output	11	Entry reader of door 2
5	Lock power output	12	Exit reader of door 2
6	Internal alarm output	13	Restart

	No.	Port Description	No.	Port Description
Ī	7	DIP switch	14	DC 12V power port

Indicator lights are described in Table 2-2.

Table 2-2

No.	Description
15	Lock status indicator
16	LOCK Status indicator
17	Alarm status indicator
18	Alarm status indicator
19	Detection indicator of entry reader of door 1
20	Detection indicator of exit reader of door 1
21	Detection indicator of entry reader of door 2
22	Detection indicator of exit reader of door 2
23	Power indicator

# 2.4.2 Wiring Description of Exit Button/Door Contact

Corresponding wiring terminals of exit button and door contact are shown in Figure 2-6. Please refer to Table 2-3 for descriptions of wiring terminals.

Figure 2-6

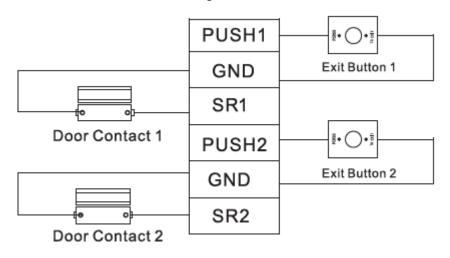


Table 2-3

Port	Wiring Terminal	Description	
	PUSH1	Exit button of door 1	
	GND	Shared by exit button of door 1 and door	
	GND	contact input of door 1	
Exit button+ door	SR1	Door contact input of door 1	
contact	PUSH2	Exit button of door 2	
	GND	Shared by exit button of door 2 and door	
	GND	contact input of door 2	
	SR2	Door contact input of door 2	

# 2.4.3 Wiring Description of Lock

Support 4 groups of lock control outputs; serial numbers after the terminals represent corresponding doors. Please choose a proper connection mode according to lock type, as shown in Figure 2-7, Figure 2-8 and Figure 2-9. Please refer to Table 2-4 for descriptions of wiring terminals.

Figure 2-7 NC 12V Power COM NO L+ Figure 2-8 NC COM NO 12V Power Figure 2-9 NC COM NO 12V Power

Table 2-4

Port	Wiring Terminal	Description
	NC1	
	COM1	Lock control of door 1
Lock control output	NO1	
port	NC2	Look control of door 2
	COM2	Lock control of door 2

Port	Wiring Terminal	Description
	NO2	

# 2.4.4 Wiring Description of Reader

NOTE

1 door only supports to connect one type of reader—485 or Wiegand.

Please refer to Table 2-5 for descriptions of wiring terminals corresponding to readers. Take door 1 for example; other readers are the same. Please refer to Table 2-6 for descriptions of reader cable specification and length.

Table 2-5

Port	Wiring Terminal	Cable Color	Description
	485+	Purple	· 485 reader
	485-	Yellow	405 reader
	LED	Brown	
Entry Reader of Door 1	D0	Green	Wingand roader
	D1	White	Wiegand reader
	CASE	Blue	
	GND	Black	Reader power supply
	12V	Red	Treader power supply

Table 2-6

Reader Type	Connection Mode	Length
485 Reader	CAT5e network cable, 485 connection	100m
Wiegand Reader	CAT5e network cable, Wiegand connection	100m

# 2.4.5 Wiring Description of External Alarm Input

4-ch external alarm input connection is shown in Figure 2-10. Please refer to Table 2-7 for descriptions of wiring terminals.

Figure 2-10

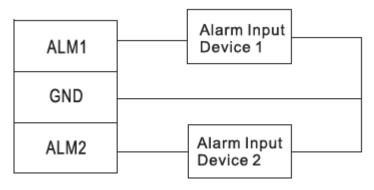


Table 2-7

Port	Wiring Terminal		Description
External	ALM1	Alarm input port 1	External alarm input ports are
alarm	GND	Shared by alarm input port 1 and 2	able to connect smoke detector
input	ALM2	Alarm input port 2	and IR detector etc

Port	Wiring Terminal		Description
	ALM3	Alarm input port 3	NOTE
	GND	Shared by alarm input port 3 and 4	External alarm can link door
			open and closed status.
			● ALARM1 ~ ALARM2
			external alarm links all doors
	ALM4	Alarm input port 4	to be normally open.
			$ullet$ ALARM3 $\sim$ ALARM4
			external alarm links all doors
			to be normally closed.

# 2.4.6 Wiring Description of External Alarm Output

After 2-ch external alarm output triggers an alarm, the alarm output device gives an alarm for 15s.

There are two connection modes of external alarm output, depending on alarm device. For example, IPC can use Mode 1, whereas audible and visual siren can use Mode 2, as shown in Figure 2-11 and Figure 2-12. Please refer to Table 2-8 for descriptions about wiring terminals.

Figure 2-11

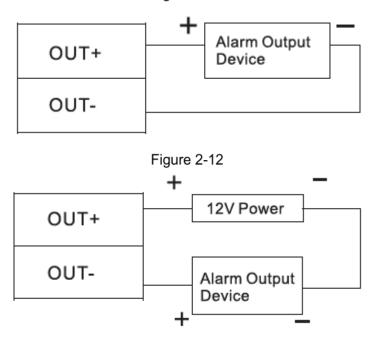


Table 2-8

Port	Wiring Termina	al	Description
	OUT1+	ALM1/ALM2 triggers alarm output.  ALM3/ALM4 triggers alarm output.	External alarm output
External alarm	OUT1-		ports are able to
output	OUT2+		connect audible and
	OUT2-		visual sirens.

## 2.4.7 Wiring Description of Internal Alarm Output

With 2-ch internal alarm output, after internal alarm input (such as door timeout) triggers an alarm, the alarm output device gives an alarm for 15s.

During connection of alarm output device, please select NC/NO according to normally closed or normally open status.

- NC represents normally closed status.
- NO represents normally open status.

There are two connection modes of internal alarm output, depending on alarm device. For example, IPC can use Mode 1, whereas audible and visual siren can use Mode 2, as shown in Figure 2-13 and Figure 2-14. Please refer to Table 2-9 for descriptions about wiring terminals.

Figure 2-13

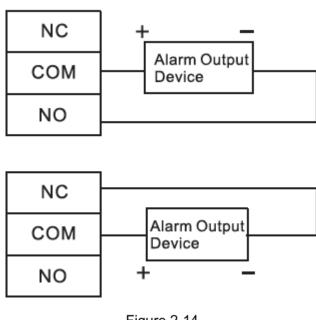


Figure 2-14

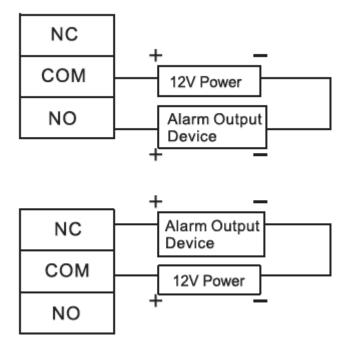


Table 2-9

Port	Wiring Terminal			Description
Internal alarm output	NC3	•	Tamper alarm output of door 1	
	COM3		entry reader and exit reader	
	NO3	•	Timeout and intrusion alarm	Internal alarm output
			output of door 1	ports are able to
	NC4	•	Tamper alarm output of door 2	connect audible and
	COM4		entry reader and exit reader	visual sirens.
	NO4	•	Timeout and intrusion alarm	
			output of door 2	

# 2.4.8 Description of Alarm Input and Output Rule

In case of alarm event, access controller can control the access and external alarm status. Please refer to Table 2-10 for detailed alarm input and output rules.

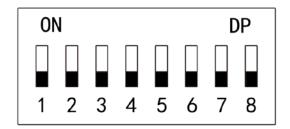
Table 2-10

Alarm Type	Alarm Event	Alarm Signal Input Port	Alarm Signal Output Port	Alarm Status
External alarm input	Trigger no. 1 alarm detector	ALM1	OUT1	No. 1 alarm gives an alarm, and links all
	Trigger no. 2 alarm detector	ALM2		doors to be normally open.
	Trigger no. 3 alarm detector	ALM3	OUT2	No. 2 alarm gives an alarm, and links all doors to be normally closed.
	Trigger no. 4 alarm detector	ALM4		
Internal alarm input	Intrusion alarm or unlock timeout alarm of no. 1 door	SR1	OUT1	No. 1 alarm gives an alarm.
	Intrusion alarm or unlock timeout alarm of no. 2 door	SR2	OUT2	No. 2 alarm gives an alarm.
	Tamper alarm of no. 1 door reader	RS-485/CASE	OUT1	No. 1 alarm gives an alarm.
	Tamper alarm of no. 2 door reader	RS-485/CASE	OUT2	No. 2 alarm gives an alarm.

# 2.5 DIP Switch

Operate with DIP switch.

Figure 2-15



- the switch is at ON position, meaning 1.
- the switch is at the bottom, meaning 0.
- 1~8 are all 0; the system is started normally.
- $1\sim8$  are all 1; the system enters BOOT mode after start.
- 1, 3, 5 and 7 are 1, while others are 0. After restart, the system restores factory defaults.
- 2, 4, 6 and 8 are 1, while others are 0. After restart, the system restores factory defaults, but user info is retained.

## 2.6 Restart

Insert a needle into restart hole, press it once to restart the device.

NOTE

Restart button is to restart the device, rather than modifying configuration.

# 3 Smart PSS Config

Access controller is managed with Smart PSS client, so as to realize control and right configuration of one door and door groups.

This chapter mainly introduces quick configuration. For specific operations, please refer to User's Manual of Smart PSS Client.

NOTE

Smart PSS client offers different ports for different versions. Please refer to actual port.

# 3.1 Login Client

Install the matching Smart PSS client, and double click to run. Carry out initialization configuration according to interface prompts and complete login.

## 3.2 Add Access Controller

Add access controller in Smart PSS; select "Auto Search" and "Add".

#### 3.2.1 Auto Search

Devices are required to be in the same network segment.

Step 1 In "Devices" interface, click "Auto Search", as shown in Figure 3-1.

The system displays "Auto Search" interface, as shown in Figure 3-2.

Figure 3-1

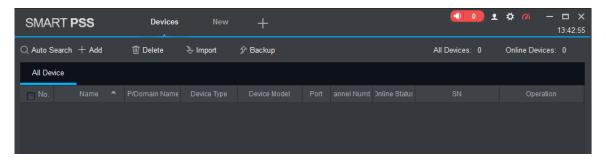
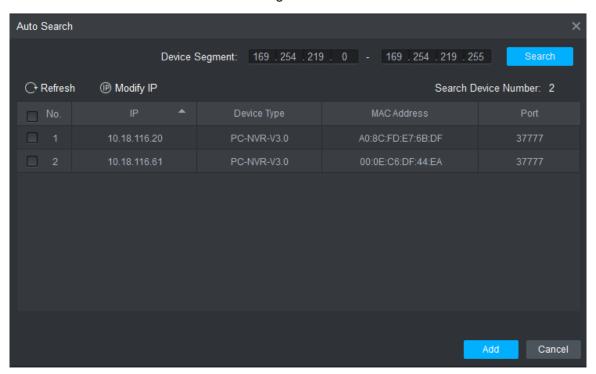


Figure 3-2



Step 2 Input device segment and click "Search".

The system displays search results.

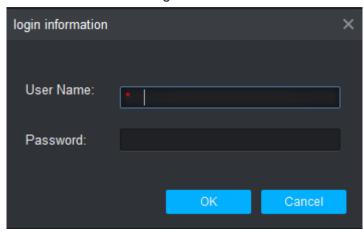
- NOTE
- Click "Refresh" to update device information.
- Select a device, click "Modify IP" to modify IP address of the device. For specific operations, please refer to User's Manual of Smart PSS Client.
- Step 3 Select the device that needs to be added, and click "Add".

The system pops up "Prompt".

Step 4 Click "OK".

The system displays "Login Information" dialogue box, as shown in Figure 3-3.

Figure 3-3



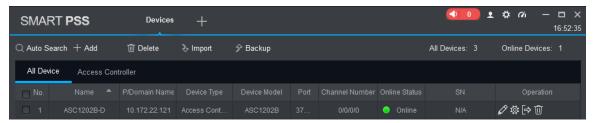
Step 5 Input "User Name" and "Password" to log in the device, and click "OK".

The system displays the added device list, as shown in Figure 3-4.

- ₩ NOTE
- After completing adding, the system continues to stay at "Auto Search" interface.
   You can continue to add more devices, or click "Cancel" to exit "Auto Search" interface.

 After completing adding, Smart PSS logs in the device automatically. In case of successful login, online status displays "Online". Otherwise, it displays "Offline".

Figure 3-4



#### 3.2.2 Manual Add

To add devices, device IP address or domain name shall be known first.

Step 1 In "Devices" interface, click "Add", as shown in Figure 3-5.

The system pops up "Manual Add" interface, as shown in Figure 3-6.

Figure 3-5

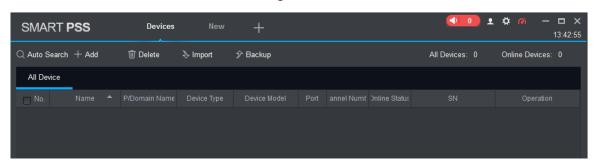
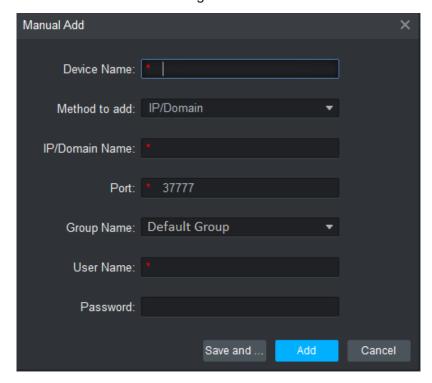


Figure 3-6



Step 2 Set device parameters. For specific parameter descriptions, please refer to Table 3-1.

Table 3-1

Parameter	Description		
Device Name	It is suggested that device name should be named by		
Device Name	the monitoring zone, so as to facilitate maintenance.		
Method to add	Select "IP/Domain Name". Add devices according to		
Welliou to aud	device IP address or domain name.		
IP/Domain Name	IP address or domain name of the device.		
Port	Port number of the device. Default port number is		
Poli	37777. Please fill in according to actual conditions.		
Group Name	Select the group of the device.		
User Name and Password	User name and password of the device.		

#### Step 3 Click "Add" to add a device.

The system displays the added device list, as shown in Figure 3-4. Doors of the added controller are displayed under "Access" tab, as shown in Figure 3-7.

#### NOTE

- To add more devices, click "Save and Continue", add devices and stay at "Manual Add" interface.
- To cancel the adding, click "Cancel" and exit "Manual Add" interface.
- After completing adding, Smart PSS logs in the device automatically. In case of successful login, online status displays "Online". Otherwise, it displays "Offline".

0 ± # % SMART PSS Access Organizations a A Default Group ■ ASC1202B-D □ Door 1 R master controller ✓ All 台童 Event Info ✓ Normal Name Global Control

For problems not included hereinafter, please contact local customer service personnel or consult headquarter customer service personnel. We will be always at your service.

1. Question: After power on, power indicator doesn't turn on or the buzzer doesn't respond.

Answer: Please check whether power plug is inserted in place. Please pull it out and insert it again.

2. Question: After the reader is connected with the device, card swiping light doesn't turn on, and it doesn't respond after swiping a card.

Answer: Please check whether reader connector is inserted in place. Please pull it out and insert it again; check whether reader contact light turns on.

3. Question: Client software fails to detect the device.

Answer: Please check whether TCP/IP connector is connected properly, and whether device IP is in the same network segment.

4. Question: After swiping card, it prompts that card is invalid.

Answer: Please check whether this card number has been added in the controller.

5. Question: Default IP of access controller.

Answer: Default IP address is 192.168.0.2.

6. Question: Default port, initial user name and password of access controller.

Answer: Default port is 37777, initial user name is admin and password is 123456.

7. Question: Online upgrade of the device.

Answer: Connect the device and platform through network, and upgrade it at the platform.

8. Question: Max. wiring distance and transmission distance of card reader and controller.

Answer: It depends on network cable type and whether it needs power supply of control relay. Connected with CAT5E network cable, typical value is:

- RS485, 100m.
- Wiegand, 100m.